

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT (EIA) CERTIFICATE

N°: RDB/EIA/1665/01/20

Issued Date: 21/01/2020

This is to certify that the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) was received from MINEDUC

Project title: Construction of Classrooms and Latrines under Rwanda QBEHCD Project in all Districts of Eastern Province in Kayonza, Bugesera, Gatsibo, Kirehe, Nyagatare, Rwamagana, Ngoma

Project objective:

To improve teacher competency and students retention and learning in basic education.

Location: Kayonza, Bugesera, Gatsibo, Kirehe, Nyagatare, Rwamagana, Ngoma Districts.

The EIS has been submitted in accordance with the Laws and Regulations relating to the requirements & procedures for Environmental Impact Assessment in Rwanda and has been reviewed and found to have sufficient and relevant mitigation measures to the identified likely impacts of the project on the environment.

It was therefore approved subject to fulfilment of the conditions attached to this certificate.





Clare AKAMANZI

Chief Executive Officer

Copies to: RHA, REMA, Kayonza, Bugesera, Gatsibo, Kirehe, Nyagatare, Rwamagana, Ngoma District





- > In addition to school building construction standard requirements to conform to minimum basic safety, health, operational and environmental protection, MINEDUC agrees to comply with the following conditions:
- This certificate of approval loses its validity if a period of 3 years elapses before the commencement of the project. Otherwise, it is valid for the whole lifecycle of this specific project unless henceforth revoked or suspended.
- Observe all relevant international, regional and national policies, standards/regulation and legislation that guide this specific project throughout its life cycle;
- Obtain all other necessary approvals/permits from other relevant institutions as required before construction and operation. This certificate does not replace other required approvals/permits;
- Ensure that self-environmental audit for the current ongoing school activities is planned and conducted to verify compliance, propose needed corrective measures which shall integrate the new undertaking and the existing in one integral fully complying environmental management system to be attained within a reasonable time.
- The construction site should be fenced during all the construction works to be isolated from normal and ongoing school activities;
- Construction works that produce excessive noise and vibrations shall be carried out during day hours in order to avoid disturbance to the local people;
- F All workers should have and bear Personal Protective Equipment all the time at work;
- We no construction works should be placed in high risk zones, wetlands and their buffer zones;
- All construction practices should observe Rwanda Building Code and the provisions of the Presidential Order N° 48/01 of 10/08/2009 establishing quality standards in education for nursery, primary and secondary schools;
- Avoid the emission of dust emanating from earth works on site or transportation to or from the construction site;
- Construction materials should be sourced from approved sites in conformity with regulations in place, and should be kept within the project plot boundaries. Those that are to be imported should meet required standards;
- Fix road sign posts at the proximity of the plot to warn of the ongoing construction activities, and set and enforce driving speed limits to avoid accidents;
- All equipment and machinery should be in good working conditions to avoid excessive noise production, exhaust emissions and spillage of oils in soil on the construction site;
- Ensure that access to construction sites is controlled to prevent the entry of the students and thereby avoid possible accidents;
- Properly plan to avoid hindrance to normal school activities due to construction works;
- Rain water shall be harvested for use, overflow and runoff properly channeled to nearby receiving environment;

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- Folid wastes shall be collected and sorted at their production point according to their types (biodegradable and non-biodegradable) and each type of waste shall be disposed of in appropriate and District approved site. Hazardous and E-wastes shall equally be handled and managed in ways that meet applicable standards;
- To wastewater from the project should be released into the environment if not treated to acceptable standard. Toilets shall be emptied and the waste shall be managed in the District approved sites. Measures to prevent bad smell should be envisaged and applied;
- For Create environmental clubs within the schools, to enhance measures aiming at environmental protection, conservation and promotion and perfect hygienic conditions within the premises as well as application and monitoring of the occupational health and safety measures;
- Regular sensitization sessions on the prevention measures for accidents and HIV/AIDS contamination shall be organized on the construction sites;
- Envisage all necessary and possible measures for disaster preparedness and quick intervention in case of emergencies;
- School compound fencing and entry control should be planned in the near future. The area should evenly landscaped, preferably greened and embankments stabilized to avoid landslides and erosion;
- F Access roads will be created where they are not, and improved wherever needed;
- \* These conditions of approval concern schools as listed in the ESMPs for the Districts of the Eastern Province (Nyagatare, Gatsibo, Kayonza, Rwamagana, Ngoma, Kirehe and Bugesera), and shall be applied depending on their relevancy at site.
- The ESMPs are thus approved subject to the fulfillment of the conditions described above together with all mitigation measures proposed in the reports.

N.B. Note that in case of non-compliance with the conditions described above, RDB reserves the right to withdraw the certificate.

Signed by

Clare AKAMANZI Chief Executive Offi

RDB

Samuel MULINDWA Permanent Secretary

MINEDUC

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# REPUBLIC OF RWANDA



# **GATSIBO DISTRICT**

# ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL MANAGEMENT PLAN (ESMP)

# FOR CONSTRUCTION OF 112 CLASSROOMS AND 138 LATRINES UNDER QUALITY BASIC EDUCATION FOR HUMAN CAPITAL DEVELOPMENT (QBEHCD) PROJECT IN GATSIBO DISTRICT

**Final Report** 

December, 2019

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#### LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

**AIDS:** Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome

**EDPRS:** Economic Development and Poverty Reduction Strategy

**EIA:** Environnemental Impact Assessment

**EMP:** Environnemental Management Plan

**ESIA:** Environmental and Social Impact Assessment

**ESMP:** Environnemental and Social Management Plan

**ESSO:** Environmental and Social Safeguard Officer

FONERWA: Rwanda Green Fund

**GOR:** Government of Rwanda

**HIV:** Human Immunodeficiency Virus Infection

**MINEDUC:** Ministry of Education

**MININFRA:** Ministry of Infrastructure

**NST1:** National Strategy for Transformation

**QBE-HCD:** Quality Basic Education for Human Capital Development

**RAPs:** Resettlement Action Plans

**RDB:** Rwanda Development Board

**REMA:** Rwanda Environmental Management Authority

**RHA:** Rwanda Housing Authority

**RLMUA:** Rwanda Land Management and Use Authority

**TTS:** Teacher Training School

**TVETs:** Technical Vocational and Educational Training School

**VTC:** Vocational Training Center

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#### **CHAPTER I. INTRODUCTION**

#### 1.1 Project background

The Government of Rwanda (GoR) is increasingly emphasizing human capital development to support the socioeconomic transformation of the country thus is among twenty-eight early adopter countries of the Human Capital Projects of the World Bank. With support from the Bank, the GoR is implementing the Quality Basic Education for Human Capital Development (QBE-HCD) project with intention to improve teacher competency and student retention and learning in basic education. The project governance is led by Ministry of Education (MINEDUC) that coordinates and implement the project's activities at National level. At local level, the QBE-HCD project is implemented by all thirty district governments.

The project seeks to support the ongoing government's program to phase out double-shifting, and reduce class overcrowding, which is currently the highest national priority as set out in the National Strategy for Transformation (NST1, 2017-2024). In addition, it will replace existing overage substandard primary classrooms, kitchens and sanitation facilities and expand access to pre-primary education (pre-school classrooms) to improve pupil's school readiness. The QBE-HCD project is implemented countrywide through the Rwanda's Home-Grown School Construction Approach (HGSCA), and is denoted construction program B, to make the distinction from the parallel government-funded school construction program A, which is the continuation of past program. The project has the following three main components: (i) Enhancing teacher effectiveness for improved student learning, (ii) Improving the school environment to support student learning and (iii) Developing institutional capacity to strengthen teaching and learning

Under component 2, the project will finance the construction of 11,000 furnished classrooms and approximately 14,680 latrines, amongst other investments, so as to reduce overcrowding in classrooms and distance to schools from learners' home. As the project will be implemented across Rwanda, part of sub-projects will be constructed in Gatsibo District of Eastern Province, those include 112 classrooms and 138 latrines among others.

Gatsibo District acknowledges its corporate responsibility towards the protection of environment, social set up, health and safety of its workers and surrounding communities and accordingly, is committed to the elimination, reduction and control of potential negative environmental and social impacts associated with project activities through implementation of measures contained in this ESMP.

#### 1.2 Overview of Gatsibo District

Gatsibo District is one of the 7 Districts of Eastern Province. It is made of 14 Sectors which are Gasange, Gatsibo, Gitoki, Kabarore, Kageyo, Kiramuruzi, Kiziguro, Muhura, Murambi, Ngarama, Nyagihanga, Remera, Rugarama and Rwimbogo. These sectors are subdivided into 69 Cells and 603 Villages. Gatsibo District is located in the East-Northern part of the country; it is bordered by Tanzania in East, Nyagatare District in North, Gicumbi District in West and in South by both Rwamagana and Kayonza Districts. The District covers a surface area of 1585.3 km².

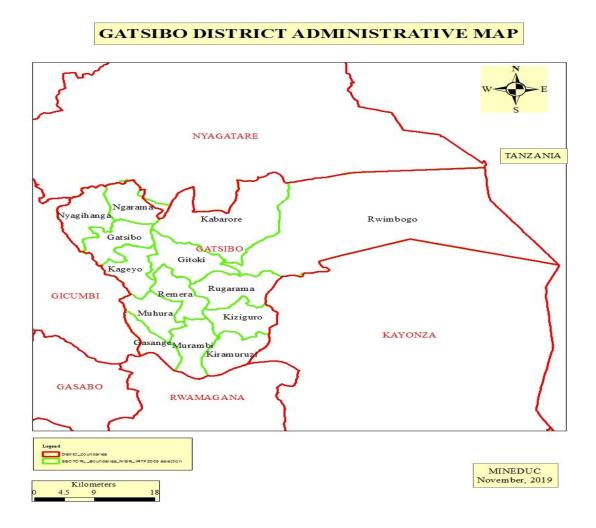


Figure 1.1: Administrative map of Gatsibo District

According to the 2012 National Census results, the total population of Gatsibo District increased from 283,456 in 2002 to 433,020 (population census 2012). It has a population density of 274 persons per square kilometer (Km²). Males represent 48% of the population whereas females represent 52% of the population according to Rwanda 4<sup>th</sup> Population and Housing Census, 2012 (NISR)<sup>4</sup>. According to EICV4 (2014), in Gatsibo District, youth aged between 14 and 35 years represent 36.8% of the total population.

Gatsibo District is known of the low rainfall and high temperatures that limit the availability of water. The District is located in the granite low valley whose average altitude is 1550m spread on the plateau and the savannah of the Eastern part of the country.

Agriculture production and livestock is the principle economic activity in Gatsibo District. According to EICV5, 16.8% is Percentage of land under consolidation; 72.7% is Percentage of land protected against soil erosion and 3.7% is Percentage of land under irrigation.

As education is regarded, in Gatsibo District school attendance among children varies across education levels as follows: It is low (28.4%) for the preschool-age population (3-6 years), widespread (91.4%) for the primary school-age population (7-12 years), and low (74.7%) for the secondary school-age population (13-18 years) at the time of the census. School attendance varies also across the sectors as follows: For the preschool-age, it varies from 13.6% in Kageyo to 40.1% in Rugarama; for the primary school-age, it varies from 86.7% in Kageyo to 95.3% in Rugarama and Nyagihanga each.

#### 1.3 Description of sub-projects activities

The project will finance 18 sub-projects which consist of construction of 112 classrooms and 138 latrines in 11 sectors namely Gasange, Gatsibo, Gitoki, Kabarore, Kageyo, Kiziguro, Muhura, Ngarama, Nyagihanga, Remera and Rwimbogo sectors in which overcrowding and long distances to schools have been noticed as major factors that inhibit learning in Gatsibo District.

This was decided following public consultations conducted by District authority with all concerned and interested parties, whereby a quite number of sub-projects were identified as priorities during 2019/2020 fiscal year under this program to address overcrowding in classrooms and long distance between learns' homes and schools in Gatsibo District.

During construction of classrooms and latrines the following activities will be carried out: Site clearing, land preparation for classrooms and latrines, extraction of construction materials, excavation works, foundation works, concrete works, elevation of walls, roof trusses, roof covering, fixing windows and doors, internal and external finishing, painting, pavement.

Table 1.1: Sub-projects proposed to be implemented under QBE – HCD Project

No	Sub Project names	School Name	Location		
			Sector		Village
1	Construction of 4 classrooms and 0 latrine at BUGAMBA PS	BUGAMBA PS	NGARAMA	BUGAMBA	AKAGERERO
2	Construction of 8 classrooms and 12 latrines at BUGARURA EAR PS	BUGARURA EAR PS	REMERA	RWARENGA	KABUYE
3	Construction of 5 classrooms and 6 latrines at GAHARA AEBR	GAHARA AEBR	GASANGE	VIRO	GAHARA I
4	Construction of 8 classrooms and 0 latrine at GAKIRI PS	GAKIRI PS	GITOKI	BUKOMANE	GAKIRI
5	Construction of 8 classrooms and 12 latrines at GAKOROKOMBE PS	GAKOROKOM BE PS	MUHURA	GAKOROKO MBE	URUBIRI
6	Construction of 5 classrooms and 12 latrines at GS GATEGERO	GS GATEGERO	GASANGE	KIGABIRO	RUGARAMA
7	Construction of 11 classrooms and 12 latrines at GS GISHYA	GS GISHYA	KIZIGURO	MBOGO	AKABUYE
8	Construction of 5 classrooms and 12 latrines at GS KAGEYO	GS KAGEYO	KAGEYO	NYAGISOZI	KAGEYO
9	Construction of 4 classrooms and 0 latrine at NYABIKIRI	NYABIKIRI MODEL VILLAGE	KABAROR E	NYABIKIRI	NYABIKIRI

	MODEL VILLAGE				
10	Construction of 7 Classrooms and 12 latrines at GS RUHUHA	GS RUHUHA	KABAROR E	SIMBWA	RUHUHA
11	Construction of 9 classrooms and 12 latrines at MARIMBA PS	MARIMBA PS	KABAROR E	SIMBWA	KIBONDO I
12	Construction of 5 classrooms and 0 latrine at MAYANGE PS	MAYANGE PS	NYAGIHAN GA	MAYANGE	NYARUBUY E
13	Construction of 7 classrooms and 12 latrines at MUHURA EAR PS	MUHURA EAR PS	MUHURA	TABA	TABA
14	Construction of 4 classrooms and 0 latrine at NDAMA PS	NDAMA PS	RWIMBOG O	RWIKIRO	NDAMA I
15	Construction of 5 classrooms and 12 latrines at GS NYABIKIRI	GS NYABIKIRI	KABAROR E	NYABIKIRI	NYABIKIRI
16	Construction of 5 classrooms and 12 latrines at EP NYAGAHANGA	EP NYAGAHANG A	GATSIBO	NYAGAHAN GA	NYAGAHAN GA
17	Construction of 6 classrooms and 0 latrine at NYARUBUNGO PS	NYARUBUNG O PS	NGARAMA	NYARUBUN GO	RUGARAMA
18	Construction of 6 classrooms and 12 latrines at SIMBWA PS	SIMBWA PS	KABAROR E	SIMBWA	SIMBWA

During the implementation of these sub-projects, the possession of health insurance and Personal Protective Equipment (PPEs) will be a must for all workers at all sites during their daily activities. However, for an individual who do not have a personal medical insurance, an agreement should be reached at the recruitment that the individual's first payment will be used to pay for the individual medical insurance. The local people will be the first to be employed in order to reduce risk that may be resulted from the labor influx.

The classrooms and latrines construction activities in year 1 will not disturb the local people because during the sites selection, the priority has been accorded to sites that will not involve land acquisition, restriction on the use of the land/assets and involuntary resettlement. Impact from the noise caused by construction activities at the sub-project sites will be minor as the sub-project activities will not involve machines and will be mitigated by not working during the night.

The QBE – HCD Project is of Impact Level two (IL-2) according to the national project environmental impact classification and as Substantial Risk projects following World Bank environmental and social risk classification, hence QBE – HCD sub-project will be implemented in accordance with National Law and any requirement of the Environmental and Social Standards that the Bank deems relevant to such sub-project.

### 1.4 Purpose of the ESMP

The purpose of this Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP) is to provide a consolidated summary of all the Environmental and Social (E&S) commitments relevant for the Construction of classrooms and latrines sub-projects planning and implementation. The measure focuses on environmental (such as sanitation and waste management problems, dust emission, noise pollution, soil erosion, natural resources extraction such as sand gravels, etc., chemical wastes related to paints, biodiversity and environmental contamination, including surface water and groundwater) and social aspects (such as protection of human rights, communication with local stakeholders, labor influx, spread of sexually transmitted diseases and HIV/ AIDS, safety of workers and communities).

For Year 1, the implementation of Rwanda QBE - HCD Project will not involve land acquisition because the targeted land is the property of the Government and Religious organizations who will avail their land voluntarily as they will sign consent Form in the regards of the existing `Prime Minister's order N°290/03 of 13/11/2015 determining special regulations governing government subsidized schools.

This ESMP also gives an overview about the Environmental Management that must be implemented to ensure systematic and effective execution of these commitments, including roles and responsibilities between the District, sector and community.

Prior to the commencement of any sub-project or individual activity, it is required to understand the nature of the tasks involved and any hazards that may be associated with it in order to ensure that all potential hazards are identified and suitably controlled or mitigated. As part of this, the ESMP is being prepared in parallel with the sub-projects' design works with intention to include environmental and social considerations in the design works at the earliest appropriate stage and tiers of decision making or prior to their final approval. Also, an update of ESMP by the sub-project management shall complete a review of the ESMP periodically to assess its on-going effectiveness, adequacy and suitability.

#### CHAPTER II: POLICY, LEGISLATIVE AND INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK

This ESMP has been prepared to fully comply with environmental legislations and procedures in Rwanda and the World Bank environmental and social framework. The Project implementation will comply with national laws, international regulations and different conventions ratified by GoR as well as world bank environmental and social standards.

#### 2.1 Institutional Framework

The institutions to which this project will have to consult and relate to include:

- i. Ministry of Education;
- ii. Ministry of Finance (MINECOFIN);
- iii. Rwanda Education Board (REB);
- iv. Ministry of Local Government (MINALOC);
- v. Ministry of Infrastructure (MININFRA);
- vi. Rwanda Information Security Authority (RISA);
- vii. Rwanda Housing Authority (RHA);
- viii. University of Rwanda (UR);
- ix. National Early Childhood Development Program (NECP);
- x. Rwanda Development Board (RDB);
- xi. Rwanda Environmental Management Authority (REMA);
- xii. Rwanda Development Board (RDB)
- xiii. Rwanda Social Security Board (RSSB)

#### 2.2 National Policy Framework

The Policy frameworks that will guide the project include

- i. Environmental Policy, 2004
- ii. National Land policy, 2004
- iii. Water and Sanitation Policy, 2010
- iv. Vision, 2020
- v. National Strategy for transformation (NST1)

#### 2.3 National Legislative Framework

Amongst the laws that will have a bearing to the project this site includes:

- i. The Constitution of the Republic of Rwanda, 2003 as revised in 2015
- ii. Law on Environment, 2018
- iii. National Land Law, 2013
- iv. Law on Mining and Quarry Operations, 2014
- v. Law Regulating Labor in Rwanda, 2009
- vi. Law governing the preservation of air quality and prevention of air pollution in Rwanda, 2016
- vii. Ministerial order relating to the requirements and procedure for environmental impact Assessment (EIA), 2018
- viii. Ministerial Order establishing the list of projects that must undergo environmental impact assessment, instructions, requirements and procedures to conduct environmental impact assessment, 2019
- ix. Ministerial Order determining modalities of establishing and functioning of occupational health and safety committees, 2012
- x. Ministerial Order determining conditions for occupational health and safety, 2012
- xi. Rwanda building control regulation, 2012
- xii. Sector guidelines for EIA for Roads development projects in Rwanda, 2009

#### 2.4 International legislative framework

Rwanda is a signatory to a number of conventions on sustainable development and is member of various bilateral and multilateral organizations amongst those that have an impact to this project include:

- i. The international Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD) and its habitat signed in Rio de Janeiro in Brazil on 5 June 1992, as approved by Presidential Order no 017/01 of 18 March 1995;
- ii. The United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change, signed in Rio de Janeiro in Brazil on 5 June 1992, as approved by Presidential Order no 021/01 of 30 May 1995
- iii. The Kyoto Protocol to the framework on climate change adopted at Kyoto on March 6, 1998 as authorized to be ratified by Law no 36/2003 of December 2003;
- iv. The Ramsar International Convention of February 2, 1971 on Wetlands of International importance, especially as water flows habitats as authorized to be ratified by Law No 37/2003 of 29 December 2003;
- v. Paris Agreement/Paris Climate Agreement or COP21 of December 2015 on reduction of the emission of gases that contribute to global warming. This agreement was signed by Rwanda on 22/04/2016 and ratified on 06/10/2016;

#### 2.5 World Bank Environmental and Social Standards applied

The Rwanda QBE – HCD Project is financed by the World Bank that has in place environmental and social framework with ten (10) environmental and social standards (ESS) that are designed to avoid, minimize, and/or mitigate adverse environmental and social impacts of projects supported by the Bank. The World Bank Environmental and Social Standards applied to the sub-projects to be implemented in Gatsibo District are following:

- i. ESS1: Assessment and Management of Environmental and Social Risks and Impacts
- ii. ESS2: Labor and Working Conditions
- iii. ESS3: Resource Efficiency and Pollution Prevention and Management
- iv. ESS4: Community Health and Safety
- v. ESS8: Cultural Heritage
- vi. ESS10: Stakeholder Engagement and Information Disclosure

#### CHAPTER III: POTENTIAL IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES

The construction of classrooms and latrines at all stages of sub-projects will involve a number of activities associated with potential risks and impacts on biophysical environment (air, water, aquatic and terrestrial ecology, soil), and socioeconomic environment (land use, finance, employment, hazard and health, security, safety of graveyards, etc.). An impact is any change to the existing condition of the environment caused by human activity or an external influence. Impacts therefore may be positive/beneficial or negative/adverse.

#### 3.1 Potential positive impacts

The positive impacts are beneficial and will thus not require any mitigation. The following are considered as major positive impacts:

- i. Overcrowding in schools will be reduced after completion of construction activities,
- ii. The distance covered by learners from their homes to schools will be reduced,
- iii. Creation of employment to local people during construction,
- iv. There will be income generation to local entrepreneurs through procurement or supply of construction materials,
- v. Improve quality and aesthetics of schools' infrastructure,
- vi. Generation of revenue to Government and the District,
- vii. Increased value and efficient use of government land,
- viii. Improved resilience to climate shocks (destruction of schools, heat, flooding, etc.)

#### 2.2 Potential negative impacts

In terms of environmental degradation, the project is likely to lead to very minimal negative impacts, which shall be easily taken care of in the proactive design and the proposed mitigation measures suggested in this project brief. The negative impacts can be divided into those that will directly come from the constructional and operational activities and those that will be due to socio-economic issues. This can be summarised as follows:

Table 2.3: Identified potential impacts and mitigation measures

Potential Impacts/issues	Management/Mitigation Measures		
Acquisition of non-governmental land for construction/extension of schools that belong to religious organizations.	Sign consent form by religious organizations as per Prime Minister's order n°290/03 of 13/11/2015		
Loss of vegetation cover	<ul> <li>Clear only the area designed for classrooms and latrines construction</li> <li>Preserve (or stockpile) excavated topsoil for future site restoration procedures;</li> <li>Greening by grasses</li> </ul>		
Potential risks of wasting raw materials	<ul> <li>Accurate estimate of needed materials</li> <li>Get supply of raw-materials (such as sand, stones, bricks, etc.) from authorized suppliers and sites</li> </ul>		

Access roads	Locate access roads in consultation with local community and officials
Risk of loss of landscape scenic value and associated effects on ecosystem	<ul> <li>Hold top soils and vegetation matter near quarries, borrow pits and dumping sites</li> <li>Rehabilitate (green landscaping) the borrow pits,</li> </ul>
	quarries and dumping sites at the end of construction activities
Valuable artefacts or culturally valuable materials	Use and follow chance find procedures as per the ESCP
Accidental injuries	<ul> <li>Checking daily if the materials are in good conditions before starting the activities,</li> <li>Equip all site workers with Individual protective equipment (such as boots, helmets, and high visibility jackets)</li> <li>Avail first aid kit on-site,</li> <li>Ensure that all workers have medical insurance such as "Mutuelle de santé", RAMA or any other recognized medical insurance</li> <li>Ensure provision of regular briefing on occupational health and safety to workers</li> <li>Having distance between workers</li> </ul>
Deterioration of workers' health and child right violation	<ul> <li>The site will be provided with clean drinking water</li> <li>Construction workers should be given break to go for lunch;</li> <li>Child labor should be avoided at all stages of construction (child under 18years old)</li> <li>Fair treatment of workers and provision of safe and health working condition</li> <li>Respect of working hours</li> </ul>
Risk of conflict	Local residents will be given the priority during workforce selection;  11

Risk of insecurity at the sub project site	<ul> <li>Wearing uniform (jacket)</li> <li>Grievance redress mechanism</li> <li>Ensure only authorized personnel get to site</li> <li>Ensure security persons are available on the site</li> </ul>
Risk of contamination by HIV/AIDS and other STDs, Sexual harassment and abuse, GBV (gender based violation)	<ul> <li>Sensitize site workers on HIV/AIDS, Sexual harassment and abuse, GBV (gender based violation) to avoid negative effects from social&amp; multicultural inclusion at the area.</li> <li>Voluntary testing to determine HIV status; counselling at existing medical facilities;</li> <li>Enforce and sensitize code of conducts</li> </ul>
Poor hygiene and sanitation	<ul> <li>Provide means for handling waste generated by construction workers</li> <li>Avail handwashing facilities</li> <li>Always keep clean toilets</li> <li>Install toilets away from rivers or areas with shallow groundwater</li> <li>Sensitize workers about handwashing culture</li> </ul>
Risk of exhaust emissions (e.g. Sulphur, Carbon, Nitrogen, chlorofluorocarbons,) from truck movements	<ul> <li>Before hiring a supplier, make sure that his/her vehicle has a valid vehicle technical control certificate</li> <li>Sensitize drivers to avoid unnecessary racing of vehicle engines at loading/offloading points and parking areas;</li> </ul>
Risk of noise and/or vibration pollution of civil works/heavy trucks to the school environment and local people	<ul> <li>Notify and coordinate with local people adjacent to sub-project sites and school administration to inform them of the possibility of temporary noise disruption &amp; related issues, and how to report complaints if any;</li> <li>Limit civil work activities to daytime hours to the extent feasible;</li> <li>Sensitize vehicle drivers to switch off engines when the vehicle is parked;</li> <li>Perform welding and other noise producing</li> </ul>

	activities during weekend in order to minimize noise pollution during school days
Degradation of air quality due to the dust emissions;	<ul> <li>Manual compaction of unstable soil and wearing dust mask</li> <li>Watering while soil works and construction are being executed and where dust is emitted;</li> <li>Reduce vehicle speed in working area</li> </ul>
Soil erosion due to the runoff	<ul> <li>Installation of rain water harvesting system (Water tanks and waterways)</li> <li>Plantation of ornamental trees and grasses on exposed slopes</li> </ul>
Generation of solid waste in the form of construction spoils	<ul> <li>Implement 3R principles (Reducing, reusing, recycling) wastes;</li> <li>Avail solid waste bins and sort garbage according different categories (e-wastes, chemicals, plastics, metals, glasses papers/wood and biodegradable wastes);</li> <li>Dispose of solid waste to existing dumpsite</li> </ul>
Fire outbreak due to welding activities	<ul> <li>Avail sand and water on site for fire fighting</li> <li>Employ skilled people in welding activities</li> <li>Ensure a quick contact to concerned security institution in case of strong fire outbreak</li> </ul>
Soil pollution due to toxic or hazardous chemical from paints or solvents	<ul> <li>Hazardous/toxic materials shall be stored in appropriate containers/stores with clearly visible labels; &amp; regularly inspect for signs of leaks.</li> <li>Disposal of waste from paint in existing toxic liquid waste pit</li> <li>Company certified in collected waste will be hired in collecting the produced waste wherever possible</li> <li>Work closely with the district hospital in handling hazardous waste</li> <li>Provide training on management of all hazardous chemicals/materials and wastes for workers including use of Personal Protective Equipment</li> </ul>

Soil pollution due to infiltration of	Proper construction of foundation and walls for pit
microbes from faeces	by cementing
Ground water pollution due to	
infiltration of faeces	

In order to put these measures into practice, an Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP) needs to be developed and elaborated. The EMP is developed to guide all activities of the project concerning the protection of the environment. This plan specifies the nature of the negative impacts, the proposed mitigation measures for these impacts, the indicators in the execution of these mitigation measures, the time period, the responsibilities and the follow-up needed from concerned authorities. Other plans and procedures are developed as part of this ESMP, those include Emergency preparedness and response plan, and Occupational Health and Safety Plan to deal with occupational health and traffic, Chance Find Procedure to provide appropriate protocol in case a valuable artefacts or culturally valuable materials is found during civil works.

#### CHAPTER IV: ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL MANAGEMENT/MONITORING PLAN

#### 4.1 Environmental and Social Management Plan

Referring to data collected during Environmental and Social screening, all the sites have almost similar environmental and social impacts; hence only one table combining all the possible impacts was developed. However, the government owns land at ten sites (BUGAMBA PS, GAKOROKOMBE PS, GS GISHYA, GS NYABIKIRI, GS RUHUHA, MARIMBA PS, MAYANGE PS, NDAMA PS, NYABIKIRI MODEL VILLAGE and NYARUBUNGO PS). For the rest subproject sites (8) which are all owned by religious organizations (BUGARURA EAR PS, EP NYAGAHANGA, GAHARA AEBR, GAKIRI PS, GS GATEGERO, GS KAGEYO, MUHURA EAR PS and SIMBWA PS), a Consent form will be signed in the regards of the existing Prime Minister's order n°290/03 of 13/11/2015 determining special regulations governing government subsidized schools.

It is important to note that during the course of the project new environmental aspects and impacts may be identified, this ESMP will be revised every time once new impact is identified. Environmental and social safeguard officers will have the responsibility to report on the progress of implementation of this ESMP. The budget of ESMP will be managed by MINEDUC and Districts, the rainwater harvesting tanks will be acquired by MINEDUC.

During the implementation of Environmental and social management plan, there is a well-planned way of managing the cost of ESMP according to the project phase and project activity. There are some mitigation measures to be implemented at the National level, District level and others at site level according to the respective implementing responsibility.

The purchase and supply of rainwater harvesting tanks will be conducted at National procurement level as well as the supply of Personnel protective equipment. Other mitigation measures will be conducted in respect to the implementing responsibility.

Table 3.4: Environmental and Social Management Plan for generic impacts for construction of classrooms and latrines in Gatsibo District

Sub-Project	Sub-Project	Potential	Management/Mitigation	Implementation		Estimated
Phase	Activity	Impacts/issues	Measures	responsibility	Time Frame	Cost (Frw)
Pre-	Avail land for 8	Religious Land	Sign consent form by	Religious Legal	Before	No cost
construction	sub-project sites	use for 8 sub-	religious organizations as per	Representative,	commencing	
phase	from religious	projects for	Prime Minister's order	Government of	civil works	
	organizations	classrooms and	n°290/03 of 13/11/2015	Rwanda		
	(BUGARURA	latrines				
	EAR PS, EP	construction				
	NYAGAHANG					
	A, GAHARA					
	AEBR, GAKIRI					
	PS, GS					
	GATEGERO,					
	GS KAGEYO,					
	MUHURA EAR					
	PS and					
	SIMBWA PS)					
	Site clearing	Loss of	Clear only the area	Foreman, School	During site	3,136,000 (of
		vegetation	designed for classrooms	Head Teacher	clearance	which 28,000
		cover	and latrines construction			per one
			D ( 1 11)			Classroom)
			Preserve (or stockpile)			
			excavated topsoil for			
			future site restoration			

Extraction and transportation of materials	Potential risks of wasting raw materials	•	procedures; Greening by grasses  Accurate estimate of needed materials  Get supply of rawmaterials (such as sand, stones, bricks, etc.) from authorized suppliers and sites	Foreman,  School construction officer	During construction period	No cost
	Access roads	•	Locate access roads in consultation with local community and officials	Foreman, School construction officer, Suppliers with local community	During construction period	No cost
	Risk of loss of landscape scenic value and associated	•	Hold top soils and vegetation matter near quarries, borrow pits and dumping sites	Suppliers	During implementati on of the sub project activities	No cost

	effects on ecosystem	Rehabilitate (green landscaping) the borrow pits, quarries and dumping sites at the end of construction activities	Suppliers	At the end of construction activities	No cost
All activities: Excavation and foundation, elevation of walls, ceilings, roof works.	Valuable artefacts or culturally valuable materials	Use and follow chance find procedures as per the ESCP	Foreman, School construction officer	Prior to & during excavation	3,600, 000 (of which 200,000 per site)
	Accidental injuries	Checking daily if the materials are in good conditions before starting the activities,	Foreman, School Head Teacher		No cost
		• Equip all site workers with Individual protective equipment (such as boots, helmets, and high visibility jackets)		During the timeframe of the implementati on of the project	Workers will be provided Personal Protective Equipment
		<ul> <li>Avail first aid kit on-site,</li> <li>Ensure that all workers have medical insurance</li> </ul>			6,868,800 (381,600 per sites)

	such as "Mutuelle de santé", RAMA or any other recognized medical insurance  • Ensure provision of regular briefing on occupational health and safety to workers  • Having distance between workers			No cost
Deterioration of workers' health and child right violation	<ul> <li>The site will be provided with clean drinking water</li> <li>Construction workers should be given break to go for lunch;</li> <li>Child labor should be avoided at all stages of construction (child under 18years old)</li> <li>Fair treatment of workers and provision of safe and health working condition</li> <li>Respect of working hours</li> </ul>	School Head Teacher, Foreman, Safeguards Team	During sub- project implementati on	324, 000 (of which 18,000 per site)

Risk of conflict	<ul> <li>Local residents will be given the priority during workforce selection;</li> <li>Wearing uniform (jacket)</li> <li>Grievance redress mechanism</li> </ul>	Foreman, School Head Teacher and Social Safeguard Team	During the timeframe of the implementati on of the project	No cost
Risk of insecurity at the sub project site	<ul> <li>Ensure only authorized personnel get to site</li> <li>Ensure security persons are available on the site</li> </ul>	Foreman, Local Authorities	During the timeframe of the implementati on of the project	No cost 5,400,000(of which 300,000 per site)
Risk of contamination by HIV/AIDS and other STDs, Sexual harassment and abuse, GBV (gender based violation)	<ul> <li>Sensitize site workers on HIV/AIDS, Sexual harassment and abuse, GBV (gender based violation) to avoid negative effects from social&amp; multicultural inclusion at the area.</li> <li>Voluntary testing to determine HIV status; counselling at existing</li> </ul>	School Head Teacher, Foreman ,Health Centers, Local Authorities	During the timeframe of the implementati on of the project	No cost

	or hygiene d sanitation •	medical facilities; Enforce and sensitize code of conducts  Provide means for handling waste generated by construction workers,  Avail handwashing facilities  Always keep clean toilets  Install toilets away from rivers or areas with shallow groundwater  Sensitize workers about handwashing culture	Social affairs at sector level, School head teacher, Foreman	During the timeframe of the implementati on of the sub-project	1,620,000 (of which 90,000 per site)
em Sul Car Nit chl bor true	sk of exhaust hissions (e.g. lphur , urbon, trogen, lorofluorocar ns,) from ack ovements	Before hiring a supplier, make sure that his/her vehicle has a valid vehicle technical control certificate  Sensitize drivers to avoid unnecessary racing of vehicle engines at loading/offloading points	Foreman, National police District Environmental officer Environmental and Social Safeguards	During implementati on of the activities	No cost

	and parking areas;	Officer		
and/or vibration pollution of civil works/heavy trucks to the school environment and local people	<ul> <li>Notify and coordinate with local people adjacent to sub-project sites and school administration to inform them of the possibility of temporary noise disruption &amp; related issues, and how to report complaints if any;</li> <li>Limit civil work activities to daytime hours to the extent feasible;</li> <li>Sensitize vehicle drivers to switch off engines when the vehicle is parked;</li> <li>Perform welding and other noise producing activities during weekend in order to minimize noise pollution during school days</li> </ul>	Foreman	During implementati on of the activities	No cost

		Degradation of air quality due to the dust emissions;	Manual compaction of unstable soil  Watering while soil works and construction are being executed and where dust is emitted;  Reduce vehicle speed in working area	Foreman, drivers, Traffic Police, safeguards team	During implementati on of the sub project activities	No cost  432,000(24,00 0 per site)
		Soil erosion due to the runoff	Installation of rain water harvesting system (Wate tanks and waterways) Plantation of ornamental trees and grasses on exposed slopes	MINEDUC in collaboration with, FONERWA, MINEMA, Ministry of Environment, Districts, School head teacher, Foreman	During the timeframe of the implementati on of the sub-project	45,600,000 (one tank cost 1,200,000) 357,750(of which 19,875 per site)
Construction	Elevation of walls, roof trusses, roof covering, Fixing windows and doors, internal and external	Generation of solid waste in the form of construction spoils	Implement 3R principles (Reducing, reusing, recycling) wastes;  Avail solid waste bins and sort garbage according different	District Environmental Officer, School head teacher, Foreman	During the timeframe of the implementati on of the project	No cost

finishing and pavement.		categories (e-wastes, chemicals, plastics, metals, glasses papers/wood and biodegradable wastes);			
	Fire outbreak due to welding activities	<ul> <li>Dispose of solid waste to existing dumpsite</li> <li>Avail sand and water on site for fire fighting</li> <li>Employ skilled people in welding activities</li> <li>Ensure a quick contact to concerned security institution in case of strong fire outbreak</li> </ul>	School head teacher, foreman and police fire brigade	During welding activities	No cost

Pair	inting	Soil pollution due to toxic or	•	Hazardous/toxic materials shall be stored	District Environmental	During the timeframe of	
		hazardous chemical from paints or solvents	•	in appropriate containers/stores with clearly visible labels; & regularly inspect for signs of leaks.  Disposal of waste from paint in existing toxic liquid waste pit  Company certified in collected waste will be hired in collecting the produced waste wherever	officer, School head teacher, Foreman	the implementati on of the sub-projects	No cost
			•	possible  Work closely with the district hospital in handling hazardous waste  Provide training on management of all hazardous chemicals/materials and wastes for workers including use of PPEs			1,800,000 ( of which 100,000 per site)

Operation	Use of toilet	Soil and	Proper construction of	School	During pit	
		groundwater	foundation and walls for pit	construction	cementing	14,719,908
		pollution due	by cementing	officer and	and	(of which
		to infiltration		specialist	foundation	106,666 per
		of microbes			works	Latrine)
		from faeces				
Total						83,858,458
estimated						(of which
budget						4,658,804 for
						each site).

## 4.2 Environmental and Social Monitoring Plan

The below monitoring plan is applicable to all impacts summarized in the above table and it is common to all sites within Gatsibo District. As stated above, for sub-projects owned by religious institutions; they shall sign consent forms with the government prior the construction works.

Table 4.4: Environmental and Social Monitoring Plan for construction of classrooms and latrines in Gatsibo District

Sub-project	Potential impacts	Management/	Monitoring	Frequency/	Responsible	Estimated
phase		Mitigation Measures	indicator	Time frame		cost (Frw)
Pre-	Religious land use 8	Sign consent form by	Number of	Before the	Monitoring and	No cost
construction	sub-project sites	religious organizations	signed	commenceme	Evaluation Specialist	
phase	(BUGARURA EAR	as per Prime Minister's	consent form	nt of civil	and Social safeguards	
	PS, EP	order n°290/03 of		works	Specialist/MINEDUC	
	NYAGAHANGA,	13/11/2015				
	GAHARA AEBR,					
	GAKIRI PS, GS					
	GATEGERO, GS					
	KAGEYO,					
	MUHURA EAR PS					
	and SIMBWA PS)					
	for classrooms and					
	latrines construction					

	Loss of vegetation cover	•	Clear only the area designed for classrooms and latrines construction  Preserve (or stockpile) excavated topsoil for future site restoration procedures;  Greening by grasses	Area cleared in square meter  Quantity of excavated soil in cubic meter  Area greened in square meter	Once Once Once(after construction works)	Local authorities, Foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	1,458, 000 (of which 81000 per site)
Construction phase	Potential risks of wasting raw materials  Access roads	•	Accurate estimate of needed materials  Get supply of rawmaterials (such as sand, stones, bricks, etc.) from authorized suppliers and sites  Locate access roads in consultation with local community	Quantity of remaining materials  Number of complaints	Monthly	Foreman	No cost

		and officials				
Risk of loss of landscape scenic value and associated effects on ecosystem	•	Hold top soils and vegetation matter near quarries, borrow pits and dumping sites;	All accumulated top soils and vegetation matter used for rehabilitation	Once after construction works	Local authorities, Foreman, Suppliers and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	1,800,000 (of which 100,000 per site
	•	Rehabilitate (green landscaping) the borrow pits, quarries and dumping sites at the end of construction activities	of sites; Rehabilitated area in square meter			
Valuable artefacts or culturally valuable materials	•	Use and follow chance find procedures as per the ESCP	Number of complains	During construction period	Local authority , MINEDUC safeguards Team	No cost
Accidental injuries	•	Checking daily if the materials are in good conditions before starting the activities,  Equip all site	Number of Materials in good condition	Daily	Local authorities, Foreman, schools' construction Engineers, and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	no cost

workers with	Number of	Daily	
Individual	workers with	Daily	
protective	personnel		
equipment (such as	protective		
boots, helmets and	equipment		
high visibility			
jackets);		Daily	
	Number of	Daily	
<ul> <li>Avail first aid kit</li> </ul>	first aid kit		
on-site,	on site		
	on site	Daily	
• Ensure that all	Number of		
workers have	workers with		
medical insurance	medical		
such as "Mutuelle	Insurance		
de santé", RAMA	mourance		
or any other			
recognized medical			
insurance		D-:1	
	Number of	Daily	
• Ensure provision of			
regular briefing on	briefings on		
	safety to		
occupational health	workers		
and safety to	provided		
workers		D-:1	
		Daily	
	Distance in		

Deterioration of workers' health and child right violation	•	Having distance between workers The site will be provided with clean drinking water	Meter  Quantity of drinking water in jericans	Daily	Local authorities, Foreman and MINEDUC	399,375 (of which 22,187.5 per site)
child right violation	•	Construction workers should be given break to go for lunch;	Number of hours for break	Daily	Safeguards Team	
	•	Child labor should be avoided at all stages of construction (child under 18years old)	Number of checking made on site	Daily		
	•	Fair treatment of workers and provision of safe and health working condition	Number of complains resolved	Daily  Daily		
	•	Respect of working hours	working hours/day			

Risk of conflict	•	Local residents will be given the priority during workforce selection;	Number of local residents on work	Once, during recruitment	Local authorities, Site supervisor and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	No cost
	•	Wearing uniform (jacket)	Number of workers with jackets	Daily Daily		
	•	Grievance Redress Mechanism	Number of grievances resolved			
Risk of insecurity at the sub project site	•	Ensure only authorized personnel get to site,	Entry Register book Contract of	Daily	Local authorities, foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	5,400 000 (of which 300,000 per site)
	•	Ensure security persons are available on the site	security personnel employed			
Risk of contamination by HIV/AIDS and other STDs, Sexual harassment and abuse, GBV (gender	•	Sensitize site workers on HIV/AIDS, Sexual harassment and abuse, GBV (gender based	Minutes and attendance lists	Monthly	Local authorities, Health Centers, Foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	2,700,000 (of which 150,000 per site)

based violation)	violation) to avoid negative effects from social& multicultural inclusion at the area;  • Voluntary testing to determine HIV status; counselling at existing medical facilities;  • Enforce and sensitize code of conducts	Number of voluntary tested personnel  Number of Site supervision	Monthly		
Poor hygiene and sanitation	<ul> <li>Avail handwashing facilities;</li> <li>Always keep clean toilets;</li> <li>Install toilets away from rivers or areas with shallow groundwater;</li> </ul>	Number of handwashing facilities on site Cleanliness Field visit report	Daily  Daily  Once during project startup	Local authorities, Foreman, head teachers and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	540,000 ( of which 30,000 per site)

	•	Sensitize workers about handwashing culture	Minute and attendance list	Monthly		
Risk of exhaust emissions (e.g. Sulphur, Carbon, Nitrogen, chlorofluorocarbons,)	•	Before hiring a supplier, make sure that his/her vehicle has a valid vehicle technical control certificate;  Sensitize drivers to avoid unnecessary racing of vehicle engines at loading/offloading points and parking areas;	Inspection report  Minute and attendance lists	Daily	Local authorities, traffic police, foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards Team District Environmental officer	5,400,000 ( of which 300,000 per site)
Risk of noise and vibration pollution of heavy trucks to the school environment and local people	•	Notify and coordinate with local people adjacent to subproject sites and school administration to inform them of the possibility of	Number of complaints raised and resolved about noise and vibration	Daily	Local authorities, Foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	1,350,000 (of which 75,000 per site)

	•	temporary noise disruption & related issues, and how to report complaints if any;  Limit civil work activities to daytime hours to the extent feasible;				
	•	Sensitize vehicle drivers, operators to switch off engines when the vehicle is parked;				
	•	Perform welding and other noise producing activities during weekend in order to minimize noise pollution during school days				
Degradation of air quality due to the dust emissions;	•	Manual compaction of unstable soil;	Area of compacted soil in square	Daily	Local authorities, Fore man and MINEDUC	1,350,000 (of which 75,000 per

	•	Watering while soil works and construction are being executed and where dust is emitted;  Reduce vehicle speed in working area	meter		Safeguards Team	site)
Soil erosion of the runoff	due to •	Installation of rain water harvesting system (Water tanks and waterways).  Plantation of ornamental trees and grasses on exposed slopes	Number of installed water tanks  Number of planted ornamental trees	Monthly	Local authorities, Foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	135,000 (7,500 per site)
Generation o waste in the f construction	form of	Implement 3R principles (Reducing, reusing, recycling) wastes;	Awareness provided for workers on	Twice a week	District Environmental Officer, Local authorities, Site	225,000 (of which

	•	Avail solid waste bins and sort garbage according different categories (e-wastes, chemicals, plastics, metals, glasses papers/wood and biodegradable wastes);	3R principles  Number of solid waste bins and garbage on site	Daily	Foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	12,500 per site)
	•	Dispose of solid waste to existing dumpsite	Amount of solid waste disposed at existing dumpsite	Weekly		
Fire outbreak due to welding activities	•	Avail sand and water on site for fire fighting  Employ of skilled people in welding activities'	Quantity of sand and water in cubic meter	Daily	Local authorities, Site supervisor and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	126,000 (of which 7,000 per site)
	•	Ensure a quick contact to concerned security				

Soil pollution due to toxic or hazardous chemical from paints or solvents	•	institution in case of strong fire outbreak  Hazardous/toxic materials shall be stored in appropriate containers/stores with clearly visible labels; & regularly inspect for signs of leaks. Disposal of waste from paint in existing toxic liquid waste pit;  Company certified in collected waste will be hired in collecting the produced waste wherever possible;  Work closely with the district hospital in handling	Quantity of waste disposed in existing toxic liquid waste pit.	Monthly	Local authorities, foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	252,000 (of which 14,000 per site)
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Operation	Soil and groundwater pollution due to infiltration of microbes from toilets	•	Provide training on management of all hazardous chemicals/materials and wastes for workers including use of Personal Protective Equipment.  Cementing the walls of pit	Number of personnel protective equipment  Inspection report	Once after completion	Local authorities, foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	126,000 ( 0f which 7,000 per site)
Total estimated budget							21,261,375 (of which 1,181,187. 5 for each site)

# **4.2.1** Monitoring roles

Table 5.5: Monitoring roles and responsibility

Institution	Roles	Responsible
		department/person
WORLD BANK	<ul> <li>Responsible for issuing no objection before the project implementation</li> <li>Monitoring of the implementation of ESMP</li> <li>Capacity building of MINEDUC safeguards Team and social protection unit Staff on ESMP</li> </ul>	WB Safeguards Team
RDB	Issuance of the clearance certificate for the projects	EIA Department
MININFRA	Technical support to classrooms and latrines construction activities	Staff in charge of construction
MINEDUC	<ul> <li>Review the ESMP from District and submit it to WB for no objection</li> <li>Address the comments from WB and submit it to RDB for clearance</li> <li>Monitoring of ESMP implementation</li> <li>Training of District staff on ESMP</li> <li>Report the implementation of ESMP to WB</li> </ul>	MINEDUC Safeguard     Team
Districts	<ul> <li>Preparation of ESMP and submit it to MINEDUC to be reviewed and submitted to WB and RDB</li> <li>Training of stakeholders at Sector level and technicians on ESMP</li> <li>Monitoring of ESMP implementation and report to MINEDUC</li> <li>Supervise the implementation of Mitigation Plan</li> <li>Supervision of putting in place and operationalization of grievance committees</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Environmental officer</li> <li>Schools Construction Engineer</li> <li>Director of Education unit</li> </ul>
Sector and Cells	<ul> <li>Training of stakeholders at Sector level and technicians on ESMP</li> <li>Monitoring of ESMP implementation and report to District</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sector land officer</li> <li>Sector Social Protection Officer</li> <li>Executive secretary of</li> </ul>

	Supervise the implementation of Mitigation	concerned Cells
	Plan	<ul> <li>Sector agronomist</li> </ul>
	Supervision of putting in place and operationalization of grievance committees	
	Execute ESMP guidelines and report any	Community and Workers
Community	Environmental and Social issue occurred on	
	the site to local authorities	
	Election of grievance committee's members	

#### CHAPTER V. REPORTING AND DOCUMENTATION

The Environmental and Social Safeguards Officers (ESSO) at District level; in close collaboration with District Environmental Officer; will ensure if monthly and quarterly reports of the implementation and monitoring of the ESMP are provided timely to the Ministry which shall consolidate and submit all the reports to the World Bank as agreed in the commitment plan. The ESSO shall ensure the documentation of all designed mitigation measures in this plan. He/ She shall notify within 24 hours any incident or accident related to the project implementation or that has impact on it, and that has or could have a significant adverse effect on the environment, the affected communities, the public, or the workers included, for example, occupational accidents and electrocution.

#### CHAPTER VI. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### **6.1 Conclusion**

Prior to the commencement of any sub-project or individual activity, it is required to understand the nature of the tasks involved and any hazards that may be associated with it. To ensure that all potential hazards are identified and suitably controlled or mitigated, there are 5 key process elements to be continually implemented as follows: identify the hazards; assess who may be harmed and how; evaluate the risks and decide on appropriate control measures; record the findings and implement the controls; periodically review the assessments and update as required.

Plans and procedures that describe the actions to be taken and control measures to be applied, in order to reduce risk to health and welfare of sub-project personnel and other stakeholders, resulting from construction activities to all levels, are developed and reviewed as necessary, to meet both legal and employer contract specific ESMP requirements.

Given the nature and location of the project development activities, the conclusion is that the potential impacts associated with the proposed development are of a nature and extent that can be avoided, reduced, and eliminated by the application of the proposed appropriate mitigation measures suggested; hence the construction of 112 classrooms and 138 latrines sub-projects under Quality Basic Education for Human Capital Development (QBE-HCD) Project in Gatsibo District shall be successfully implemented.

## **ANNEXES:**

# **Annex 1: Occupational Health and Safety Plan**

This plan provides remedies for potential community health, safety and a security risk associated with the implementation of Rwanda QBE – HCD sub-projects and helps to provide guidance that respond and mitigate the identified risks. Under this plan all applicable laws and standards stated in legal and institutional framework shall apply. The table below shows the potential risks of sub-projects activities under QBE – HCD Project in Gatsibo District, the proposed mitigation measures and the responsibilities. The following table summarizes the Community Health, Safety and Security Management Plan.

Table 6: Occupational Health, Safety and Security Management Plan

Potential Risk	Mitigation Measures	Responsible
The influx of new workers from outside areas to the project area will increase demand on existing health services	Health services of the new workers shall be provided especially the medical insurance "Mutuelle de santé"	District in collaboration with RSSB
The influx of new workers to the area could bring with it an increase of communicable diseases.	Awareness campaigns on hygiene and sanitation and how these diseases spread.	Sectors Districts
Dust from transport and vehicles and machineries on roads	<ul> <li>Control speed limits;</li> <li>Haul truck transporting volatile construction materials</li> <li>Ensure haul trucks are not overloaded and are covered where necessary;</li> </ul>	Site environmental and social officers  Site construction engineers  District environmental officer
Road accidents	<ul> <li>Restrict speed limits 20km/hour;</li> <li>Erect speed control signs post;</li> <li>Community awareness on proper use of roads.</li> </ul>	Traffic policy
Diffuse run-off from roads, construction areas and other disturbed areas may contain elevated concentrations of suspended solids or pollutants	<ul> <li>Ditches will channel surface water runoff to the designated areas;</li> <li>Maximum reuse or recycle of process waste water;</li> <li>Water monitoring will be conducted.</li> </ul>	Site construction engineers

Potential Risk	Mitigation Measures	Responsible
Noise will be significant	➤ Monitoring will be conducted;	Environmental and
during construction.	Operating hours of the open pit	social officer
	activities only during the daily	
	hours;	District
	Speed restrictions on site traffic;	environmental
		officer
Gas emissions from project	> Constant preventative emission	Environmental and
vehicles, trucks and	control;	social
construction machineries	Ensure all project vehicles and	District
	trucks have valid vehicle inspection	District
	certificates,	environmental officer
Dust from construction	> Sprays water to avoid lift of dust;	Environmental and
activities including quarries	<ul><li>Sprays water to avoid fit of dust,</li><li>Workers provided with appropriate</li></ul>	social officer
and borrow pits	PPE.	social officer
_		District
		environmental
		officer
Interaction between learns and	➤ Head teacher, foreman,	
project workers	environmental and social officer to	
	prevent any interactions between	
	learners and project workers by	
	keeping learners far from	
	construction sites and enforcing	
	strict security measures;  Learners plays and interactions	
	between themselves must be from	
	construction sites	
	<ul><li>Increase security awareness among</li></ul>	
	learners and restrict them from	
	crossing danger/warning tape.	
Site intrusion, theft, and other	➤ Put in place warning tape across	
insecurity at construction site	construction perimeter	
-	➤ Ensure security of construction site	
	by appointing security staffs 24/7	
	till completion of construction	

### **Annex 2: Chance Finds Procedure**

Institute of National Museums of Rwanda (INMR) is responsible for recovering these items. Chance find procedures will be used as follows:

- i. Stop the construction activities in the area of the chance find;
- ii. Delineate the discovered site or area;
- iii. Secure the site to prevent any damage or loss of removable objects. In cases of removable antiquities or sensitive remains, a night guard shall be present until the responsible local authorities and the equivalent take over;
- iv. Notify the supervisory Engineer who in turn will notify the responsible local authorities and the General Authority of Antiquities immediately (within 24 hours or less);
- v. Responsible local authorities and the General Authority of Antiquities would be in charge of protecting and preserving the site before deciding on subsequent appropriate procedures. This would require a preliminary evaluation of the findings to be performed by the archeologists of the General Authority of Antiquities (within 72 hours). The significance and importance of the findings should be assessed according to the various criteria relevant to cultural heritage; those include the aesthetic, historic, scientific or research, social and economic values;
- vi. Decisions on how to handle the finding shall be taken by the responsible authorities and the General Authority of Antiquities. This could include changes in the layout (such as when finding an irremovable remain of cultural or archeological importance) conservation, preservation, restoration and salvage;
- vii. Implementation for the authority decision concerning the management of the finding shall be communicated in writing by the General Authority of Antiquities; and
- viii. Construction work could resume only after permission is given from the responsible local authorities and the General Authority of Antiquities concerning safeguard of the heritage.

These procedures must be referred to as standard provisions in construction contracts, when applicable, during project supervision, the Site Engineer shall monitor the above regulations relating to the treatment of any chance find encountered are observed.

# **Annex 3: Grievance Redress Mechanism Log Frame Template**

# The log form to be filled by grievance redress committees

Griev	Nam	Date	Means of	Loc	Type of	Sum	Action	Dat	Statu	Status	Statu
ance	es	for	grievance	atio	issue	mari	undert	e of	s+30	+60	s+90
Refer	and	griev	reception	n of	raised	zed	aken	acti	days	days	days
ence	ID	ance	(SMS,	grie	(Grieva	desc		on			
Num	of	rece	Phone	van	nce,	ripti					
ber	com	ption	call, letter,	ce	Concer	on of					
	plai		email,	rece	n,	the					
	nant		verbal,)	ptio	request,	com					
				n	)	plain					
						t					

## TEMPLATE FOR CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF GRCs ACTIVITIES

N	Names,	Date	Means	Type of	Summari	Action	Date	Level	Status
o	Area of	for	of	issue	zed	undertak	of	of	of
	residence	grievan	grievan	raised	descriptio	en	actio	GRC	grievan
	and ID of	ce	ce	(Grievan	n of the		n	that	ce
	complain	recepti	recepti	ce,	complaint			took	during
	ant	on	on	Concern,				action	the
			(SMS,	request,				on	reporti
			Phone	)				grievan	ng time
			call,					ce	
			letter,						
			email,						
			)						

## **Annex 4: Reporting format of the ESMP implementation progress**

- 1. Sub/projects background (locations' description etc.,)
- 2. Actual impacts including unforeseen effects of the project
- 3. Level of staff awareness on operational issues relating to environmental performance
- 4. Overall status of environmental performance
  - List all challenges encountered so far during project implementation & lessons & learnt
  - Provide photos and pictures that illustrate the changes onsite before intervention and after intervention)
- 5. Recommendation for continual improvement

Impact predicted	Proposed mitigation measures	Indicator (Parameter to be measured)	Color coding	Sub- project	Findings/Remarks (Describe status of completion, Does this measure seem effective? suggest solutions where problems are encountered)
Soil erosin	Rainwater harvesting	Number			
District ESSO				Date/Name (	of reviewer:
TOBE COMPLETED BY MINEDUC Progress monitoring - main findings:			of tir	chedule/completed/ahead ne tly delayed	

**Note:** The progress of implementing mitigation measures should be color-coded in column 4: **Green** = On Schedule/ Ahead of Schedule/ Completed, **yellow** = Slightly Delayed, **Red** = Delayed

## Annex 5: Emergency preparedness and response plan

## Overview

This Emergency Preparedness and Response Plan is part of Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP), it provides specific information about required action to handle emergencies at site during execution of Rwanda Quality Basic Education for Human Capital Development (QBE-HCD) Project being implemented in all districts of Rwanda. This plan provides a set of intended actions through which personal health and safety objectives at work would be attained. The goal is to ensure project workers are aware of emergency situations and response procedures in order to avoid and diminish adverse effects from emergency situations by preventing injuries or deaths, reducing or eliminating harm to project personnel and visitors, reducing or avoiding damage to equipment, system and project properties, ensuring well trained and coordinated response by Project workers.

The emergency situations highlighted here include but not limited to potential hazard-bearing circumstances or situation (fall from heights, minor or fatal injuries, hazardous weather conditions, etc.), outbreak of a highly infectious disease, for instance the current COVID-19 Pandemic, personal medical emergency such as heart attack, strokes, etc., spontaneous dangerous events (fire outbreak, terrorist attack, and procedure for evacuation in case of emergencies.

The emergency actions implementation will be coordinated by Site supervisor or Foreman/women, supervised and assisted by a team of qualified project staffs composed of Environmental and Social Safeguard Officer (ESSO), School Construction Field Officer (SCFO), and District Disaster Management Officer (DDMO). The Foremen/women must be well-informed of the emergency response plan and all procedures; S/he is also responsible for conducting immediate risk assessment, determines and lead appropriate response; alerts employees/workers and visitors; ensures emergency services are contacted and the Ministry of Education is apprised of the emergency as soon as possible.

This Emergency Preparedness and Response Plan will be communicated to project employees and visitors when they begin working with or visit project construction sites. Emergency responses will be regularly discussed at workers' meetings and emergency actions/procedures will be posted on wall chats at construction sites in an easily viewed location for all workers and visitors.

The table below present a summary of actions and responsibilities during emergency response for Rwanda QBEHCD project.

Table 7: Emergency preparedness and response plan

S/N	Scenario requiring emergency preparedness	Emergency actions/response/control and preventive guidance	Responsible person	Resources Required (Equipment, materials, Personnel, etc.)
		I. Hazard and risks	5	
1	Potential hazards and risks at site/workplace	<ul> <li>Identifying existing or potential hazards and ensuring that these risks are removed;</li> <li>Conducts regular audits of the workplace;</li> <li>Employees may bring forward health and safety concerns to the site supervisor/Forman or to Employees' meetings through the Employees' supervisor/Forman</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Environmental and Social Safeguard Officers (ESSO),</li> <li>School Construction Field Office (SCFO),</li> <li>District School Construction Engineer (DSCE),</li> <li>District Environment Officer (DEO),</li> <li>District Disaster Management Officer (DDMO) and</li> <li>Site supervisor or</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Risk assessment Checklist,</li><li>Audit Checklist,</li></ul>
		II Emanganay gityatia	foreman/women	
	COVID – 19	II. Emergency situation Site supervisor or		
2.1	outbreak	foreman/women's actions  The Site supervisor or foreman/women, supervised and assisted by ESSO, SCFO, and		

<ul> <li>DDMO, will be required to:</li> <li>Ensure that community should be made aware of procedures put in place at site to address issues related to COVID-19;</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Prepare a profile of the workforce, key work construction activities, and schedule for carrying out such activities;</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Site supervisors/</li> <li>Foremann</li> <li>ESSO</li> <li>SCFO</li> <li>DDMO</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Provide, in collaboration with local health authority/office, COVID-19 prevention and management training and awareness regularly for the workforce;</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Site supervisors/</li> <li>Foremann</li> <li>ESSO</li> <li>SCFO</li> <li>DDMO</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Ensure handwashing facilities, including with soap and water, or alcohol-based sanitizers are supplied at the construction site, including at entrances/exits to work areas;</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Site supervisors/</li> <li>Foremann</li> <li>ESSO</li> <li>SCFO</li> <li>DDMO</li> </ul>

<ul> <li>Provide an easily accessible grievance mechanism to raise workplace concerns relating to COVID-19; and</li> <li>Supervise/monitor and ensure that all the actions stated below are being taken to address the COVID-19 risks.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Site supervisors/ Foremann</li> <li>ESSO</li> <li>SCFO</li> <li>DDMO</li> </ul> Site supervisors/ Foremann <ul> <li>ESSO</li> </ul>
General control and preventative guidance to all workers, supervisors and site visitors regardless of exposure risk	- SCFO - DDMO
All workers, supervisors and site visitors must:	<ul> <li>Site supervisors/</li> <li>Foremann</li> <li>ESSO</li> <li>SCFO</li> <li>DDMO</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Frequently wash their hands with soap and clean water (Kandagira ukarabe) for at least 40 seconds while at sites. When soap and running water are unavailable, use an alcohol-based hand rub with at least 60% alcohol;</li> </ul>	

Avoid touching eyes, nose, or mouth with unwashed hands;	<ul><li>Site supervisors/</li><li>Foremann</li><li>ESSO</li><li>SCFO</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>Follow appropriate respiratory etiquette, which includes covering for coughs and sneezes; and avoid close contact with people who are sick;</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Employees,</li> <li>supervisors, visitors,</li> <li>etc.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>If an employee, supervisor or site visitors, shows early symptoms of COVID - 19 such as chills, body aches, sore throat, headache, diarrhea, nausea/vomiting, and runny nose or/and further severe symptoms like Coughing, fever, shortness of breath, difficulty breathing; s/he must leave the site immediately and seek medical care help by calling 114 or contact nearby health service</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Employees,</li><li>supervisors and</li><li>visitors</li></ul>	

providers;  — If one develops fever and symptoms of respiratory illness such as cough or shortness of breath, do not go to work, stay at home and call 114 for assistance;	<ul> <li>Employees, supervisors and visitors</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Clean water in Kandagira ukarabe or water taps,</li> <li>Soaps</li> <li>Alcohol based</li> </ul>
Likewise, if you come into close contact with someone showing these symptoms, call 114		sanitizers
right away;		<ul> <li>Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite;</li> <li>Regular toolbox meeting and training</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Avoid unnecessary movements inside construction sites by students or intruders in the project areas by restricting sites with installed site perimeter/fence.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Employees,</li> <li>supervisors and</li> <li>visitors</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite;</li> <li>Regular toolbox meeting and training;</li> </ul>
Site protective and control measures	Employees,     supervisors and	<ul> <li>Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite;</li> <li>Regular toolbox</li> </ul>

<ul> <li>Any employee/contractor/visitor showing symptoms of COVID-19 will be asked to leave the jobsite and return home immediately;</li> </ul>	visitors	meeting and training;
<ul> <li>All site meetings will be avoided but if conducted, attendance will be collected verbally and the foreman will sign-in each attendee. Attendance will not be tracked through passed-around sign-in sheets;</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>School headmaster</li> <li>Local authority and security organs</li> <li>Site supervisor</li> <li>Employees</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite;</li> </ul>
— During any site meetings, avoid gathering in groups of more than 10 people and participants must remain at least two (2)		<ul> <li>Regular toolbox meeting and training;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>meters apart;</li> <li>Employees will be encouraged to, if practicable, reduce the size of any group at</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Site supervisors/</li><li>Foremann</li><li>ESSO</li><li>SCFO</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite;</li> <li>Regular toolbox meeting and training;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>any one time to less than ten (10) people;</li> <li>Employees must avoid physical contact with</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Site supervisors/</li><li>Foremann</li><li>ESSO</li><li>SCFO</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite;</li> <li>Awareness meeting with students and</li> </ul>

other employees, supervisors, suppliers, or		local community
visitors to increase personal space to at least		10cui community
two (2) meters where possible.		
<ul> <li>Supplier must control how their trucks are used by allowing only necessary employees to enter the trucks while maintaining social distancing inside the trucks.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Site supervisors/</li><li>Foremann</li><li>ESSO</li><li>SCFO</li></ul>	Printed names of all workers onsite
<ul> <li>In case the access to running water for hand washing is impracticable, the Sector will provide, by all means, alcohol-based hand sanitizers to be used as disinfectant;</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Site supervisors/ Foremann</li> <li>ESSO</li> <li>SCFO</li> </ul> Site supervisors/ Foremann <ul> <li>ESSO</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Printed names of all workers onsite</li> <li>Pens and papers</li> </ul>
	- SCFO	<ul> <li>Awareness message</li> <li>on banners and wall</li> <li>charts posted onsite;</li> <li>Regular toolbox</li> </ul>
- Employees should avoid the use of co-		0
workers' mobile phones, tools and	- Site supervisors/	meeting and training;
equipments. To the extent tools must be	Foremann	
shared, the Sector will provide alcohol-based	- ESSO	- Awareness message

wipes to clean tools before and after use;	- SCFO	on banners and wall charts posted onsite;  — Regular toolbox meeting and training;
<ul> <li>Employees are encouraged to minimize ridesharing. While in vehicle, employees must ensure adequate ventilation;</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sector Executive</li> <li>Secretary, Site</li> <li>supervisors/</li> <li>Foremann</li> <li>ESSO</li> <li>SCFO</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite;</li> <li>Regular toolbox meeting and training;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Sector Executive</li> <li>Secretary, Site</li> <li>supervisors/</li> <li>Foremann</li> <li>ESSO</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite;</li> <li>Regular toolbox meeting and training;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>If practicable, employees should use/drive the same truck or piece of equipment every shift.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>SCFO</li><li>Employees</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Alcohol-based hand sanitizers with at least 60% alcohol content;</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>Employees</li><li>Site supervisors/</li></ul>	

<u></u>			
	<ul> <li>In lieu of using a common source of drinking water, such as tap water or jericans, employees should use individual water bottles;</li> </ul>	Foremann  - ESSO  - SCFO	<ul> <li>Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The project administration will provide workers with up-to-date education and training on COVID-19 risk factors and protective behaviors (e.g., cough etiquette</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Employees</li> <li>Site supervisors/</li> <li>Foremann</li> <li>ESSO</li> <li>SCFO</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Regular toolbox meeting and training;</li> <li>Alcohol-based hand sanitizers with at least 60% alcohol content;</li> </ul>
	and care of PPE)  Construction site visitors	<ul><li>Employees</li><li>Site supervisors/</li><li>Foremann</li><li>ESSO</li><li>SCFO</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Regular toolbox meeting and training;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The number of visitors to the job site, including the trucks/vehicles will be limited to only those necessary for the work.;</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Site supervisors/</li><li>Foremann</li><li>ESSO</li><li>SCFO</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Regular toolbox meeting and on-job training;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>All visitors will be screened in advance of arriving on the job site. If the visitor answers "yes" to any of the following questions,</li> </ul>		

<ul> <li>he/she should not be permitted to access the jobsite:</li> <li>Have you been confirmed positive for COVID-19?</li> <li>Are you currently experiencing, or recently experienced, any acute respiratory illness symptoms such as fever, cough, or shortness of breath?</li> <li>Have you been in close contact with any persons who has been confirmed positive for COVID-19?</li> <li>Have you been in close contact with any persons who have traveled and are also exhibiting acute respiratory illness symptoms?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Employees</li> <li>Site supervisors/ Foremann</li> <li>ESSO</li> <li>SCFO</li> </ul> Site supervisors/ Foremann <ul> <li>ESSO</li> <li>SCFO</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Regular toolbox meeting and on-job training;</li> <li>Clean jerican and taps;</li> <li>Regular toolbox meeting and on-job training;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Deliveries of construction materials and equipments is permitted but should be properly coordinated with no or minimal/limited contact. Delivery personnel should remain in their vehicles/trucks if at all possible;</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite;</li> </ul>

Use of Safety Equipments		
<ul> <li>In addition to PPEs for workers engaged in various tasks, Employees will buy their own face masks to be worn at all times while onsite. Employees should avoid sharing masks.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Visitors' questionnaires, thermometers, etc.</li> </ul>
Site Cleaning and Disinfecting		
<ul> <li>Regular housekeeping practices including frequent cleaning and disinfecting of used tools, equipments and other elements of the work environment will be instituted and controlled by Sector and site supervisors/foreman</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Suppliers'</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>Vehicles and equipment/tools should be cleaned at least once per day and before change in rider or operator;</li> </ul>		

symptoms, the employee must remain at home until he or she is symptom free. The Sector/Site supervisor will similarly require an employee that reports to work with symptoms to return home until they are symptom. To the extent practical, employees are required to obtain a doctor's note	<ul> <li>Site supervisors/</li> <li>Foremann</li> <li>Employees,</li> <li>ESSO</li> <li>SCFO</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Clean water</li><li>Cleaning detergents</li></ul>
<ul> <li>clearing them to return to work.</li> <li>An employee that tests positive for COVID- 19 will be directed to self-quarantine away from work.</li> </ul>		or soaps
<ul> <li>Employees that test positive and are symptom free may return to work when at least seven (14) days have passed since the date of his or her first positive test, and have not had a subsequent illness.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Site supervisors/</li> <li>Foremann</li> <li>Employees,</li> <li>ESSO</li> <li>SCFO</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Clean water</li><li>Cleaning detergents or soaps</li></ul>
<ul> <li>Employees that test positive and are directed to care for themselves at home may return to work when: (1) at least 72 hours (3 full days) have passed since recovery; and (2) at least</li> </ul>		<ul><li>Clean water</li><li>Cleaning detergents</li><li>or soaps</li></ul>

seven (7) days have passed since symptoms first appeared. Employees that test positive and have been hospitalized may return to work when directed to do so by their medical care provider. The Sector/site supervisor will require an employee to provide documentation clearing their return to work	<ul><li>— Employees</li><li>— Site supervisors/</li><li>Foremann</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>Employees that have come into close contact with a confirmed-positive COVID-19 individual (co-worker or otherwise), will be directed to self-quarantine for 14 days from the last date of close contact with the carrier. Close contact is defined as less than two (2) meters for a prolonged period of time.</li> </ul>		
— If the Sector/site supervisor learns that an employee has tested positive, the Sector/Supervisor will conduct an investigation into co-workers that may have had close contact with the confirmed-positive employee in the prior 14 days and direct those individuals that have had close contact with the confirmed-positive employee to self-quarantine for 14 days from	— Employees	<ul> <li>Disinfectants,</li> <li>Cleaning detergents or soaps</li> <li>Records keeping books</li> </ul>
the last date of close contact with the carrier.	— Employees	<ul><li>Awareness message on banners and wall</li></ul>

If an employee learns that he or she has come into close contact with a confirmed-positive individual outside of the workplace, he/she must alert supervisor/foreman of the close contact and also self-quarantine for 14 days from the last date of close contact with the carrier	— Employees	charts posted onsite;  — Regular toolbox meeting and training;  —
If there is a confirmed case of COVID-19 at construction site, the site supervisor will record all details related to such case and report it immediately to sector, district and		<ul> <li>Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite;</li> <li>Regular toolbox meeting and training;</li> </ul>
Ministry of Education.		<ul> <li>Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite;</li> <li>Regular toolbox meeting and training;</li> <li>Medical clearance provided by</li> </ul>

	— Employees	professional doctor or public hospital
	<ul> <li>Site supervisors/</li> <li>Foremann</li> <li>Employees,</li> <li>ESSO</li> <li>SCFO</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite;</li> <li>Regular toolbox meeting and training;</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Regular toolbox meeting and training</li> </ul>

	<ul><li>Site supervisors/</li><li>Foremann</li><li>Employees</li></ul>	and investigations;
	<ul><li>Site supervisors/</li><li>Foremann</li><li>ESSO</li><li>SCFO</li></ul>	Regular toolbox meeting and training

				<ul><li>Logbook or form</li></ul>
2.2	Personal medical emergency; examples for this situation include heart attack, stroke, anaphylactic shock, personal injury at the work place	<ul> <li>Immediately ensure contact to emergency medical services (EMS) and that onsite first aid is administered until EMS Personnel/staff arrive;</li> <li>Ensure that the individual's emergency contacts are informed unless otherwise requested by the individual;</li> <li>Complete a detailed accident report and send it to MINEDUC</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Site supervisors/</li><li>Foremann</li><li>ESSOs and</li><li>SCFO</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Employees' eemergency contact information form</li> <li>First aid kit</li> <li>Cell phone</li> </ul>
2.3	Spontaneous dangerous events; this include onsite fire, bomb threat, explosions, intruder threat, workplace violence, hazardous materials, suspicious packages etc.; off- site terrorist attack,	<ul> <li>Immediately initiate appropriate response action (see Response Actions)</li> <li>See specific procedures</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Foreman,</li><li>RNP,</li><li>RDF,</li><li>Local Authority,</li></ul>	— Emergency contacts

2.4	hazardous materials within vicinity etc.  Advanced warning including severe and potentially hazardous weather conditions (e.g. storms, fire), Infectious disease outbreak  Non-life threatening situations (power	<ul> <li>Discuss response plan with the construction engineer, environmental officer and Foreman or refer to previously assigned response plan;</li> <li>Ensure that all project Employees/workers are informed about the response, anticipated timeline for return to work, offsite meeting space, etc.</li> <li>Contact Employees through emergency contact information provided by each Employee</li> <li>Discuss response plan with the construction engineer, environmental officer and Foreman;</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>MINEDUC,</li> <li>ESSO,</li> <li>DEO,</li> <li>DDMO</li> <li>SCFO,</li> <li>Foreman</li> </ul> SCFO, <ul> <li>SCFO,</li> <li>ESSO,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Accurate     Meteorological     forecast data</li> <li>Employee emergency     contact,</li> <li>Employee emergency     contact,</li> <li>Emergency</li> </ul>
	failure, technical failures)	<ul> <li>Ensure that all project Employees/workers are informed about the response plan;</li> <li>If need be, contact employees through emergency contact information provided by each Employee</li> </ul>	<ul><li>DEO,</li><li>DDMO and</li><li>Foreman</li></ul>	preparedness plan
		III.Procedures		
3.1	Evacuation	When the Foreman as Emergency Coordinator	— Foreman,	

<ul> <li>(EC) alerts Employees and visitors to evacuate the project site; everyone:</li> <li>Stop working immediately and listen to the EC's instructions;</li> <li>Leave workstation immediately – do not stay behind to finish work;</li> <li>If possible secure confidential information, valuables and appropriate things but do not hesitate;</li> <li>Congregate at the assembly area (to be determined);</li> <li>If you are not in your regular work area, do not attempt to return to it;</li> <li>Emergency Coordinator or Foreman will make sure head count (including visitors) is done at that time at site;</li> <li>Assist visitors and others who require assistance (physical, language, etc.);</li> <li>After evacuation the Emergency Coordinator or foreman will</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Local Authority,</li> <li>SCFO,</li> <li>DEO,</li> <li>DDMO and</li> <li>ESSOs</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Vocally alert Employees of the emergency response (i.e. evacuation procedures);</li> <li>Delegate searchers to site to take head counts and ensure all have vacated the site;</li> <li>Delegate support for visitors or individuals</li> </ul>		

	<u> </u>			
		requiring assistance		
		Conduct an immediate risk assessment and		
		send report to MINEDUC;		
3.2	Fire	If local fire is detected in the workplace the	<ul><li>Foreman,</li></ul>	<ul><li>Whistle</li></ul>
		Foreman shall alert and evacuate	- SCFO,	<ul><li>First aid kit,</li></ul>
		Employees/workers immediately;	<ul><li>ESSOs, and</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Sand and water to</li> </ul>
		Evacuate the building if you hear continuous	- DDMO	cease fire
		whistle sounds;		
		- Remain calm, if possible secure confidential		
		information, valuables when evacuating but		
		do not hesitate;		
		<ul> <li>Congregate at the assembly area;</li> </ul>		
		If you are not in your work area/site, do not		
		attempt to return to it		
3.3	Suspicious Package	If you see a suspicious package, do not touch	- Foreman,	- PPEs
		the package;	- RDF,	<ul> <li>Emergency contact</li> </ul>
		Clear the immediate area where the package	- RNP,	<ul><li>Cell phone,</li></ul>
		was found;	– ESSOs,	1
		Employee/workers move away from package	<ul> <li>Local Authority</li> </ul>	
		and notify Foreman and tell them where the	,	
		suspicious package was discovered, what the		
		suspicious package looks like,		
		employee/worker's name and telephone		
		number;		
		If ordered to evacuate follow evacuation		
		instructions		
3.4	Persons with	<ul> <li>Individuals who are unable to reasonably exit</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Foreman,</li></ul>	<ul><li>Employee emergency</li></ul>
J. <b>4</b>	1 CISOHS WITH		,	1 .
		the site on their own during an emergency	– ESSOs,	information form

	disability	are asked to fill out a form notifying	- SCFOs	
		Foreman, Environmental and Social	<ul><li>DDMO and</li></ul>	
		Safeguard Officer, and construction officer;		
		IV. Storm		
4.1	Before a storm	Seek information on the risk of storms in the area where you are staying and on the established protective and rescue measures;	<ul> <li>Foreman,</li> <li>ESSOs,</li> <li>DEO,</li> <li>DDMO and</li> <li>SCFOs</li> </ul>	National Risk Atlas     of Rwanda
4.2	When the storm is imminent	<ul> <li>Move inside all furniture and other objects likely to be swept away by the wind or water;</li> <li>Keep calm and avoid panic;</li> <li>Assemble everyone in the emergency shelter specially equipped for this situation;</li> <li>Follow the instructions given by the authorities and by the intervening bodies, especially as regards the evacuation of people. If it is necessary to evacuate, cut off water and electricity supplies;</li> <li>If caught by the storm whilst outside or in a vehicle, leave the vehicle and seek refuge in the nearest building;</li> <li>During a thunderstorm protect yourself from lightning by keeping away from metal objects, switching off the electricity supply, and telephone;</li> <li>Avoid standing up in an elevated area or</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Foreman,</li> <li>ESSOs,</li> <li>DEO,</li> <li>DDMO,</li> <li>SCFOs, and</li> <li>Local Authority</li> </ul>	<ul><li>— PPEs,</li><li>— Cell phone</li></ul>

		sheltering under a tree.		
4.3	After a storm	<ul> <li>Keep calm and do not panic;</li> <li>Stay inside the building in which you have sheltered. Do not use vehicles because of traffic problems and danger from damaged buildings and roads;</li> <li>Follow the radio, television, website, and authorities' instructions;</li> <li>Only use the telephone in an emergency;</li> <li>Check to see if there are people nearby which are wounded or in difficulty and assist them;</li> <li>Do not go near, touch or use damaged electrical installations, cables and wires and alert the relevant authorities of the damage. The same applies to ruptured water or sewers;</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Foreman,</li> <li>ESSOs,</li> <li>DEO,</li> <li>DDMO,</li> <li>SCFOs, and</li> <li>Local Authority</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Emergency contact numbers,</li><li>Cell phone,</li><li>PPEs</li></ul>
	During a Thunderstorm	<ul> <li>Do not be or stand next to - tallest object in the area;</li> <li>Do not stand near wire fences or other metal objects that could conduct electricity;</li> <li>Do not stand in or near water;</li> <li>Do not seek shelter in open areas;</li> <li>Avoid touching any metal;</li> <li>Avoid using the telephone or any electrical appliances;</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Foreman,</li> <li>ESSOs,</li> <li>DEO,</li> <li>DDMO</li> <li>SCFOs and</li> <li>Local Authority</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Sign posts with printed instructions</li><li>PPEs</li></ul>
		V. Warning systems		

5.1		The foreman will blow a whistle to alert the construction site workers in case of emergency that requires attention, evacuation, etc.	— Foreman,	— Whistle
		VI. Response Equipment/ n		
6.1	Lack of facility to cease fire	<ul> <li>Avail enough sands and water to be used in case of fire accidents;</li> <li>Proper collaboration with Police department of fire brigade in case of emergency response that is beyond site capacity to cease fire</li> </ul>		— Sand and Water
	Lack of First-Aid facilities	<ul> <li>First aid kits to be kept onsite all the time and checked on regular basis. The kits shall be equipped with all recommended content (cotton, ointment, scissors, bandage, alcohol, antibiotics, disposable gloves, disposable mask, painkiller, Band-Aid/sticking plaster)</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Foreman,</li><li>SCFO,</li></ul>	Fully equipped First     Aid Kit
		— The school construction field officer, environmental and social safeguard officer and foreman will assign two people among employees/workers for each site to take the responsibility to use the first aid kit. The team will ensure the kit users are equipped with basic knowledge to use the kit through collaboration with a nearby health center.	<ul><li>Foreman,</li><li>ESSO</li><li>SCFO,</li></ul>	Two selected people from employees

	VII. Employees train	ing	
Unprofessional behavior at work place and lack of basic ergonomics	<ul> <li>Employee/Workers, and visitors will be oriented to the Emergency Response Plan and notified of any updates;</li> </ul>	<ul><li>ESSO,</li><li>SCFO</li><li>DDMO and</li><li>Foreman</li></ul>	Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite;
	<ul> <li>Employee will undertake regular drills in order to be prepared in the event of a real emergency;</li> <li>Employees meetings will regularly address potential emergency concerns and responses</li> </ul>	- ESSO, - SCFO	Regular toolbox meeting and training;
		— Foreman	Logbooks and pens
	VIII. Essential project Doo Hard Files	cuments	
Damage of essential project documents	<ul> <li>All essential project documents will be stored and kept in safe place. These documents would be considered essential to</li> </ul>	— Foreman	<ul><li>Metallic or wooden box</li><li>Cupboard or closet</li></ul>
	the project operations and would cause considerable inconvenience if lost or damaged. These include: drawing designs, safeguard documents, construction manuals, code of conduct, contracts of workers, log books/registers, card stock, etc.		Cuposura or crosec
	IX. Emergency Contact	List	

Lack of emergency	- All Employees will be asked to complete a	— Foreman	<ul> <li>Register, logbooks</li> </ul>
contact list	confidential emergency contact information		
	form. The form will be kept secure and		
	confidential by the site Foreman and used		
	only in the event of an emergency.		
	The emergency telephone number of police and ambulance, will be displayed and clearly seen by everyone on sign post at work		
	area/site		<ul><li>Wall charts</li></ul>

## Annex 6. Incident Report (IR)

INCIDENT IDENTIFICATION (ref. number): Env/SOC:							
		District:		Date of		/2020	
Location	Sec	ctor:			Acciden	nt	
Area where it happened/Site					SERIAL	No.	
INCIDENT DETAILS							
NAME OF PERSON REPORTING THE IN	ICIDE	NT					
TIME THE INCIDENT WAS REPORTED							
TYPE OF INCIDENT (INJURY; LTI; FAT	TAL;N	EAR MISS; DAMAGE)					
<b>OR</b> (ENVIRONMENTAL; COMMUNITY;	GRIE	VANCE)					
IMMEDIATE SUPERVISORS NAME							
INVESTIGATOR:	INVESTIGATOR:		P	OSITION:	DSITION:		
Description of the Incident: (A	Attac	ch diagrams, sketches or ph	ot	ograph	s as req	uired)	
What was the person doing at	the	time?					
What happened unexpectedly	,}						
Where did the incident occur?	)						

Who else was involved?						
Why did the incident occur?						
INJURED PERSON NAME:						
INJURED PERSON: Date of Birth						
DATE OF INCIDENT:						
TIME OF INCIDENT (example: 11:55 AM)						
WEATHER CONDITIONS:						
OCCUPATION:(supervisor etc)						
EMPLOYER NAME				UNSKILLED 🗌	OTHER 🗌	
EXPERIENCE IN CURRENT OCCUPATION						
Injured Person Signature						
Employee Signature (if different)						
Witness Signature						

## **Annex 7: Employee's Emergency contact information form**

## **Employee information** First name: ......last name: ......last name: ...... Title (mason, aid, store keeper, etc.): ...... Identification number: Any disability or chronic disease (specify): ..... Insurance information: Mutuelle de santé Other (specify)...... **Emergency contact name** Primary contact name..... Relationship to employee......Telephone: ......Telephone: ☐ Same address/phone as employee **Emergency contact name** Primary contact name..... Relationship to employee......Telephone: ☐ Same address/phone as employee Comment ..... ...... Employee's name Signature Date