REPUBLIC OF RWANDA



Ministry of Education

ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL MANAGEMENT PLAN (ESMP)

Updated Report

For construction of 220 classrooms and 224 latrines under Quality Basic Education for Human Capital Development (QBE-HCD) Project in Kamonyi District

TABLE OF CONTENTS

LIST OF TABLES	iv
LIST OF FIGURES	iv
CHAPTER I. INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 Project background	1
1.2 Overview of Kamonyi District	2
1.3 Description of sub-projects activities	3
1.4 Purpose of the ESMP	1
CHAPTER II: POLICY, LEGISLATIVE AND INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK	2
2.1 Institutional Framework	2
2.2 National Policy Framework	2
2.3 National Legislative Framework	3
2.4 International legislative framework	3
2.5 World Bank Environmental and Social Standards applied	4
CHAPTER III: POTENTIAL IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES	4
3.1 Potential positive impacts	4
2.2 Potential negative impacts	5
CHAPTER IV: ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL MANAGEMENT/MONITORING PLAN	9
4.1 Environmental and Social Management Plan	9
4.2 Environmental and Social Monitoring Plan	23
4.2.1 Monitoring roles	33
CHAPTER V. REPORTING AND DOCUMENTATION	34
CHAPTER VI.CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	34
6.1 Conclusion	34
ANNEXES:	35
Annex 1: Occupational Health and Safety Plan	35
Annex 2: Chance Finds Procedure	37
Annex 3: Grievance Redress Mechanism Log Frame Template	38
Annex 4: Reporting format of the ESMP implementation progress	39
Annex 5: Emergency preparedness and response plan	40
Annex 6. Incident Report (IR)	61

AIDS: Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome

EDPRS: Economic Development and Poverty Reduction Strategy

EIA: Environmental Impact Assessment

EMP: Environmental Management Plan

ESIA: Environmental and Social Impact Assessment

ESMP: Environmental and Social Management Plan

GOR: Government of Rwanda

HIV: Human Immunodeficiency Virus Infection

MININFRA: Ministry of Infrastructure

NST1: National Strategy for Transformation

RAPs: Resettlement Action Plans

RDB: Rwanda Development Board

REMA: Rwanda Environmental Management Authority

RHA: Rwanda Housing Authority

RLMUA: Rwanda Land Management and Use Authority

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1. 1: Sub-projects proposed to be implemented under QBE – HCD Project	1
Table 3. 2: Identified potential impacts and mitigation measures	5
Table 4. 3: Environmental and Social Management Plan for generic impacts for construction	
classrooms and latrines in Kamonyi District	11
Table 4. 4: Environmental and Social Monitoring Plan for construction of classrooms and latrin	es in
Kamonyi District	23
Table 4. 5: Monitoring roles and responsibility	33
Table 6: Occupational Health, Safety and Security Management Plan	35
Table 7: Emergency preparedness and response plan	41

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1. 1. Administrative Map of Kamonyi District	

CHAPTER I. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project background

The Government of Rwanda (GoR) is increasingly emphasizing human capital development to support the socioeconomic transformation of the country thus is among twenty-eight early adopter countries of the Human Capital Projects of the World Bank. With support from the Bank, the GoR is implementing the Quality Basic Education for Human Capital Development (QBE-HCD) project with intention to improve teacher competency and student retention and learning in basic education. The project governance is led by Ministry of Education (MINEDUC) that coordinates and implement the project's activities at National level. At local level, the QBE-HCD project is implemented by all thirty district governments.

The project seeks to supports the ongoing government's program to phase out double-shifting, and reduce class overcrowding, which is currently the highest national priority as set out in the National Strategy for Transformation (NST1, 2017-2024). In addition, it will replace existing overage substandard primary classrooms, kitchens and sanitation facilities and expand access to pre-primary education (pre-school classrooms) to improve pupil's school readiness. The QBE-HCD project is implemented countrywide through the Rwanda's Home-Grown School Construction Approach (HGSCA), and is denoted construction program B, to make the distinction from the parallel government-funded school construction program A, which is the continuation of past program. The project has the following three main components: (i) Enhancing teacher effectiveness for improved student learning, (ii) Improving the school environment to support student learning and (iii) Developing institutional capacity to strengthen teaching and learning

Under component 2, the project will finance the construction of 11,000 furnished classrooms and approximately 14.680 latrines, amongst other investments, so as to reduce overcrowding in classrooms and distance to schools from learns' home. As the project will be implemented across Rwanda, part of sub-projects will be constructed in Kamonyi District of Southern Province, those include 220 classrooms and 224 latrines among others.

Kamonyi District acknowledges its corporate responsibility towards the protection of environment, social set up, health and safety of its workers and surrounding communities and accordingly, is committed to the elimination, reduction and control of potential negative environmental and social impacts associated with project activities through implementation of measures contained in this ESMP.

1.2 Overview of Kamonyi District

Kamonyi District is one of the eight Districts that make up the Southern Province. It is located in the central region of the country. It is composed of 12 Sectors ,59 Cells and 317 Villages (imidugudu). The District of Kamonyi shares its borders with Ruhango District in the South, Muhanga District in the West, Bugesera and Nyarugenge Districts in the East, Gakenke and Rulindo Districts in the North.

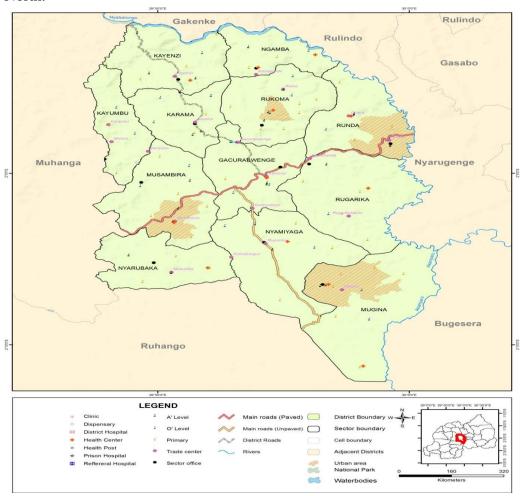


Figure 1. 1. Administrative Map of Kamonyi District

The total population of the District of Kamonyi is 342,792 inhabitants spread over 12 administrative Sectors and surface area of 655.5 square kilometers with an average density of 523/km2.

Its general relief is made of low lying plateau. The District of Kamonyi is placed between 1.500 and 2.000 m of altitude. The Eastern and Northern part of the District are occupied by the large valley of Nyabarongo. The high land peaks of the District are the following: Ijuru rya Kamonyi and "Cubi na Marenga". Mukunguri and Kona ka Mashyuza are the lowest points. The District of Kamonyi enjoys

a moderate climate. The frequency of rainfall is rather sufficient and varies between 1.200 and 1.400 mm. The average temperature is 20°C.

The soil of Kamonyi District is largely humus, permeable and fertile. The agricultural productivity increases year by year due to modern techniques of land use management. However, the District is facing soil erosion and overexploitation due to demographic pressure. Parts of the District are occupied by a granite ridge and a sandy loam.

Kamonyi District is drained by the great river Nyabarongo along the east and north of the District and Akanyaru River which border the District in north and eastern part. There are also a number of small water courses, such as Kayumbu, Bakokwe, Gikoro, Mukunguri, Nyabuvomo, Bishenyi, Gatimbazi and Ruvubu. The District has approximately 843 water sources.

As for education, the MINEDUC education statistical yearbook (2016) provided 75 pre-primary schools, 93 primary schools, 55 secondary schools in Kamonyi District with students amounting to 2,631 males and 2,758 females in pre- primary, 41,689 males and 41,534 females in primary school and 8,034 males and 10,456 in secondary school.

1.3 Description of sub-projects activities

The project will finance 44 sub-projects which consist of construction of 220 classrooms and 224 latrines in twelve (12) sectors namely GACURABWENGE, KARAMA, KAYENZI, KAYUMBU, MUGINA, MUSAMBIRA, NGAMBA, NYAMIYAGA, NYARUBAKA, RUGALIKA, RUKOMA and RUNDA, in which overcrowding and long distances to schools have been noticed as major factors that inhibit learning in Kamonyi District.

This was decided following public consultations conducted by District authority with all concerned and interested parties, whereby a quite number of sub-projects were identified as priorities during 2020/2021 fiscal year under this program to address overcrowding in classrooms and long distance between learns' homes and schools in Kamonyi District.

During construction of classrooms and latrines the following activities will be carried out: Site clearing, land preparation for classrooms and latrines, extraction of construction materials, excavation works, foundation works, concrete works, elevation of walls, roof trusses, roof covering, fixing windows and doors, internal and external finishing, painting, pavement.

Table 1. 1: Sub-projects proposed to be implemented under QBE – HCD Project

SN	SCHOOL/SITE NAME	SECTOR	CELL	VILLAGE	SCHOO L STATUS (Existing or New)	Number of needed classrooms to be constructed confirmed by verifiers	The size of land needed (in sqm) for construction of classroom
1	EP GIHINGA	GACURABWENGE	Gihinga	Ryabitana	Existing	4	378
2	EP MIGINA	GACURABWENGE	Gihira	Migina	Existing	4	378
3	EP GACURABWENGE	GACURABWENGE	Gihira	Kibanza	Existing	4	378
4	EP RUBONA	GACURABWENGE	Nkingo	Rubona	Existing	2	189
5	EP KABUGA	KARAMA	BITARE	KABUGA	existing	4	378
6	GS BUNYONGA	KARAMA	BUNYONGA	NYARUREMBO	Existing	4	584
7	Ryagashaza site	Karama	Bunyonga	Ryagashaza	New	9	876
8	EP St Bernard MURAMBI	KAYENZI	Cubi	Gitwa	Existing	6	567
9	EP St Don Bosco GISIZI	KAYENZI	Kirwa	Gisizi	Existing	2	189
10	GS BUBAZI IMANZI	KAYENZI	Bugarama	Remera	Existing	6	567
11	GS St Andre NTWARI	KAYENZI	Cubi	Ntwari	Existing	2	292
12	GS St PAUL KIRWA	KAYENZI	Kirwa	Gitwa	Existing	6	567
13	EP GIKO PROTEST	KAYUMBU	GIKO	RYAMANYWA	existing	2	189
14	G.S KABERE	KAYUMBU	GASEKE	NYARUNYINYA	existing	2	292
15	EP Ntonde	Kayumbu	Busoro	Nyabuhoro	Existing	2	472
16	E`P JENDA	Mugina	jenda	Munini	Existing	3	292
17	GS ST ISIDORE MUGINA	MUGINA	Mugina	Mparo	Existing	2	189
18	EP NYAGISOZI	MUGINA	Nteko	Nyagisozi	existing	4	378

19	EP INGENZI MBATI	Mugina	Mbati	Mbati	Existing	5	680
20	EP CYERU	MUGINA	Kabugondo	Cyeru	Existing	8	945
21	EP Jean Depaepe	Musambira	Karengera	Nyarusange	Existing	4	378
22	EP MUSAMBIRA	Musambira	Karengera	Kamayanja	existing	5	680
23	EP RUKAMBURA	Musambira	Rukambura	Nyamirembe	existing	3	292
24	Birembo site for primary level	MUSAMBIRA	MPUSHI	KABERE	New	11	945
25	GS STE THERESE KABASARE	NGAMBA	KABUGA	MUSENYI	Existing	8	756
26	EP BIBUNGO	NYAMIYAGA	Bibungo	Nkimbiri	existing	5	472
27	EP MAGU	NYAMIYAGA	Kidahwe	Magu	existing	4	378
28	EP Nyabubare	NYAMIYAGA	Mukinga	Nyabubare	existing	4	378
29	EP Ste Agnes Ngoma	NYAMIYAGA	Ngoma	kivugiza	existing	2	189
30	Munyinya site for primary level	Nyamiyaga	Ngoma	Munyinya	New	13	945
31	EP NYAGIHAMBA	NYARUBAKA	Kambyeyi	Nyarubaka	existing	3	292
32	GS NYARUBAKA	NYARUBAKA	Kigusa	Kigarama	Existing	9	876
33	GS RUYANZA	NYARUBAKA	Ruyanza	Kanombe	Existing	4	378
34	EP Kambyeyi	Nyarubaka	Kambyeyi	Kirwa	Existing	3	292
35	EP Kagarama	Nyarubaka	Kambyeyi	Ruseke	Existing	10	945
36	EP MASAKA	RUGALIKA	Masaka	Rwimondo	existing	5	472
37	GS Masaka	Rugalika	Kigese	Bikamba	Existing	4	472
38	EP KINYAMBI	RUGARIKA	SHELI	KIGARAMA	Existing	3	292
39	RURAMBA new site (secondary section)	RUGARIKA	MASAKA	TABA	New	10	945
40	E.P Murehe protestant	Rukoma	Mwirute	Mubuga	Existing	8	756
41	EP KANYINYA	RUKOMA	Buguli	Tunza	existing	6	584
42	GS NYARUBUYE	RUKOMA	Gishyeshye	Nyamabuye	Existing	5	472
43	G.S Muganza II	Runda	Muganza	Kigabiro	existing	5	472
44	GS RUYENZI	RUNDA	RUYENZI	RUGAZI	existing	5	378
Tot						220	21,819

During the implementation of these sub-projects, the possession of health insurance and Personal Protective Equipment (PPEs) will be a must for all workers at all sites during their daily activities. However, for an individual who do not have a personal medical insurance, an agreement should be reached at the recruitment that the individual's first payment will be used to pay for the individual medical insurance. The local people will be the first to be employed in order to reduce risk that may be resulted from the labor influx.

The classrooms and latrines construction activities in year 1 will not disturb the local people because during the sites selection, the priority has been accorded to sites that will not involve land acquisition, restriction on the use of the land/assets and involuntary resettlement. Impact from the noise caused by construction activities at the sub-project sites will be minor as the sub-project activities will not involve machines and will be mitigated by not working during the night.

The QBE – HCD Project is of Impact Level two (IL-2) according to the national project environmental impact classification and as Substantial Risk projects following World Bank environmental and social risk classification, hence QBE – HCD sub-project will be implemented in accordance with National Law and any requirement of the Environmental and Social Standards that the Bank deems relevant to such sub-project.

1.4 Purpose of the ESMP

The purpose of this Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP) is to provide a consolidated summary of all the Environmental and Social (E&S) commitments relevant for the Construction of classrooms and latrines sub-projects planning and implementation. The measure focuses on environmental (such as sanitation and waste management problems, dust emission, noise pollution, soil erosion, natural resources extraction such as sand gravels, etc., chemical wastes related to paints, biodiversity and environmental contamination, including surface water and groundwater) and social aspects (such as protection of human rights, communication with local stakeholders, labor influx, spread of sexually transmitted diseases and HIV/ AIDS, safety of workers and communities).

For Year 2, the implementation of Rwanda QBE - HCD Project will not involve land acquisition for a number of reasons: firstly, the priority was given to government land wherever possible; secondly Religious Organizations are committed to voluntarily avail their land for construction of classrooms and latrines by signing consent Form in the regards of the existing 'Prime Minister's order N°290/03 of 13/11/2015 determining special regulations governing government subsidized schools.

This ESMP also gives an overview about the Environmental Management that must be implemented to ensure systematic and effective execution of these commitments, including roles and responsibilities between the District, sectors and community.

Prior to the commencement of any sub-project or individual activity, it is required to understand the nature of the tasks involved and any hazards that may be associated with it in order to ensure that all potential hazards are identified and suitably controlled or mitigated. As part of this, the ESMP is being prepared in parallel with the sub-projects' design works with intention to include environmental and social considerations in the design works at the earliest appropriate stage and tiers of decision making or prior to their final approval. Also, an update of ESMP by the sub-project management shall complete a review of the ESMP periodically to assess its on-going effectiveness, adequacy and suitability.

CHAPTER II: POLICY, LEGISLATIVE AND INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK

This ESMP has been prepared to fully comply with environmental legislations and procedures in Rwanda and the World Bank environmental and social framework. The Project implementation will comply with national laws, international regulations and different conventions ratified by GoR as well as world bank environmental and social standards.

2.1 Institutional Framework

The institution to which this project will have to consult and relate to include:

- i. Ministry of Education;
- ii. Ministry of Finance (MINECOFIN);
- iii. Rwanda Education Board (REB);
- iv. Ministry of Local Government (MINALOC);
- v. Ministry of Infrastructure (MININFRA);
- vi. Rwanda Information Security Authority (RISA);
- vii. Rwanda Housing Authority (RHA);
- viii. University of Rwanda (UR);
- ix. National Early Childhood Development Program (NECP);
- x. Rwanda Development Board (RDB);
- xi. Rwanda Environmental Management Authority (REMA);
- xii. Rwanda development Board (RDB)
- xiii. Rwanda Social Security Board (RSSB)

2.2 National Policy Framework

The Policy frameworks that will guide the project include

- i. National Environment and Climate Change Policy, June 2019
- ii. National Land policy, 2004

- iii. National Sanitation Policy, 2016
- iv. Water and Sanitation Policy, 2010
- v. Education policy, 2003
- vi. Vision, 2020
- vii. National Strategy for transformation (NST1)
- viii. Public Transport Policy and Strategy for Rwanda, 2012

2.3 National Legislative Framework

Amongst the laws that will have a bearing to the project this site includes:

- i. The Constitution of the Republic of Rwanda, 2003 as revised in 2015
- ii. Law on Environment, 2018
- iii. National Land Law, 2013
- iv. Law on Mining and Quarry Operations, 2014
- v. Law Regulating Labor in Rwanda, 2009
- vi. Law governing the preservation of air quality and prevention of air pollution in Rwanda, 2016
- vii. Ministerial order relating to the requirements and procedure for environmental impact Assessment (EIA), 2018
- viii. Ministerial Order establishing the list of projects that must undergo environmental impact assessment, instructions, requirements and procedures to conduct environmental impact assessment, 2019
- ix. Ministerial Order determining modalities of establishing and functioning of occupational health and safety committees, 2012
- x. Ministerial Order determining conditions for occupational health and safety, 2012
- xi. Rwanda building control regulation, 2012
- xii. Sector guidelines for EIA for Roads development projects in Rwanda, 2009

2.4 International legislative framework

Rwanda is a signatory to a number of conventions on sustainable development and is member of various bilateral and multilateral organizations amongst those that have an impact to this project include:

- i. The international Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD) and its habitat signed in Rio de Janeiro in Brazil on 5 June 1992, as approved by Presidential Order no 017/01 of 18 March 1995;
- ii. The United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change, signed in Rio de Janeiro in Brazil on 5 June 1992, as approved by Presidential Order no 021/01 of 30 May 1995

- iii. The Kyoto Protocol to the framework on climate change adopted at Kyoto on March 6, 1998 as authorized to be ratified by Law no 36/2003 of December 2003;
- iv. The Ramsar International Convention of February 2, 1971 on Wetlands of International importance, especially as water flows habitats as authorized to be ratified by Law No 37/2003 of 29 December 2003;
- v. Paris Agreement/Paris Climate Agreement or COP21 of December 2015 on reduction of the emission of gases that contribute to global warming. This agreement was signed by Rwanda on 22/04/2016 and ratified on 06/10/2016;

2.5 World Bank Environmental and Social Standards applied

The Rwanda QBE – HCD Project is financed by the World Bank that has in place environmental and social framework with ten (10) environmental and social standards (ESS) that are designed to avoid, minimize, and/or mitigate adverse environmental and social impacts of projects supported by the Bank. The World Bank Environmental and Social Standards applied to the sub-projects to be implemented in Kamonyi District are following:

- i. ESS1: Assessment and Management of Environmental and Social Risks and Impacts
- ii. ESS2: Labor and Working Conditions
- iii. ESS3: Resource Efficiency and Pollution Prevention and Management
- iv. ESS4: Community Health and Safety
- v. ESS6: Biodiversity Conservation and Sustainable Management of Living Natural Resources;
- vi. ESS8: Cultural Heritage,
- vii. ESS10: Stakeholder Engagement and Information Disclosure

CHAPTER III: POTENTIAL IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES

The construction of classrooms and latrines at all stages of sub-projects will involve a number of activities associated with potential risks and impacts on biophysical environment (air, water, aquatic and terrestrial ecology, soil), and socioeconomic environment (land use, finance, employment, hazard and health, security, safety of graveyards, etc.). An impact is any change to the existing condition of the environment caused by human activity or an external influence. Impacts therefore may be positive/beneficial or negative/adverse.

3.1 Potential positive impacts

The positive impacts are beneficial and will thus not require any mitigation. The following are considered as major positive impacts:

i. Overcrowding in schools will be reduced after completion of construction activities,

- ii. The distance covered by learners from their homes to schools will be reduced,
- iii. Creation of employment to local people during construction,
- iv. There will be income generation to local entrepreneurs through procurement or supply of construction materials,
- v. Improve quality and aesthetics of schools' infrastructure,
- vi. Generation of revenue to Government and the District,
- vii. Increased value and efficient use of government land,
- viii. Improved resilience to climate shocks (destruction of schools, heat, flooding, etc.)

2.2 Potential negative impacts

In terms of environmental degradation, the project is likely to lead to very minimal negative impacts, which shall be easily taken care of in the proactive design and the proposed mitigation measures suggested in this project brief. The negative impacts can be divided into those that will directly come from the constructional and operational activities and those that will be due to socio-economic issues. This can be summarised as follows:

Table 3. 2: Identified potential impacts and mitigation measures

Potential Impacts/issues		Management/Mitigation Measures
Acquisition of non-governmental land	•	Sign consent form by religious organizations as per
for construction/extension of schools		Prime Minister's order n°290/03 of 13/11/2015
that belong to religious organizations.		
Loss of vegetation cover	•	Clear only the area designed for classrooms and
		latrines construction
	•	Preserve (or stockpile) excavated topsoil for future
		site restoration procedures;
	•	Greening by grasses
Potential risks of wasting raw materials	•	Accurate estimate of needed materials
	•	Get supply of raw-materials (such as sand, stones,
		bricks, etc.) from authorized suppliers and sites
Access roads	•	Locate access roads in consultation with local
		community and officials
Risk of loss of landscape scenic value	•	Hold top soils and vegetation matter near quarries,
and associated effects on ecosystem		borrow pits and dumping sites
	•	Rehabilitate (green landscaping) the borrow pits,
		quarries and dumping sites at the end of construction
		activities
Valuable artefacts or culturally valuable	•	Use and follow chance find procedures as per the
materials		ESCP
Accidental injuries	•	Checking daily if the materials are in good conditions

		hafara starting the estivities
		before starting the activities,
	•	Equip all site workers with Individual protective
		equipment (such as boots, helmets, and high
		visibility jackets)
	•	Avail first aid kit on-site,
	•	Ensure that all workers have medical insurance such
		as "Mutuelle de santé", RAMA or any other
		recognized medical insurance
	•	Ensure provision of regular briefing on occupational
		health and safety to workers
	•	Having distance between workers
Deterioration of workers' health and	•	The site will be provided with clean drinking water
child right violation	•	Construction workers should be given break to go for
		lunch;
	•	Child labor should be avoided at all stages of
		construction (child under 18 years old)
	•	Fair treatment of workers and provision of safe and
		health working condition
	•	Respect of working hours
Risk of conflict	•	Local residents will be given the priority during
		workforce selection;
	•	Wearing uniform (jacket)
	•	Grievance redress mechanism
Risk of insecurity at the sub project site	•	Ensure only authorized personnel get to site
	•	Ensure security persons are available on the site
Risk of contamination by HIV/AIDS	•	Sensitize site workers on HIV/AIDS, Sexual
and other STDs, Sexual harassment and		harassment and abuse, GBV (gender based violation)
abuse, GBV (gender based violation)		to avoid negative effects from social& multicultural
		inclusion at the area.
	•	Voluntary testing to determine HIV status;
		counselling at existing medical facilities;
	•	Enforce and sensitize code of conducts
Poor hygiene and sanitation	•	Provide means for handling waste generated by
		construction workers
	•	Avail handwashing facilities
	•	Always keep clean toilets
	•	Install toilets away from rivers or areas with shallow
		groundwater
	•	Sensitize workers about handwashing culture

Spread of Severe Acute Respiratory	Frequently wash hand with soap and clean water for
Syndrome (SARS), for instance COVID	at least 40 seconds or an alcohol based hand
-19	sanitizer;
	Greet each other with a wave, elbow or nod;
	While sneezing or coughing, cover mouth and nose
	with flexed elbow or tissue, throw tissue away at
	appropriate places and immediately wash hands;
	Make sure that there is a social distance of at least
	one (1) meter;
	• If experiencing fever, cough, sneezing, avoid contact
	with others and stay home and immediately notify
	Ministry of Health on a toll free number 114 or
	nearest health facility;
	If workers believe to had have close contact with a
	confirmed case or contact with someone currently
	being evaluated for COVID-19 immediately they
	shall notify MoH on a toll free number 114 or nearest
	health facility (more details can be found in annex 5,
	table 7)
Risk of exhaust emissions (e.g. Sulphur,	Before hiring a supplier, make sure that his/her
Carbon, Nitrogen,	vehicle has a valid vehicle technical control
chlorofluorocarbons,) from truck	certificate
movements	Sensitize drivers to avoid unnecessary racing of
	vehicle engines at loading/offloading points and
D: 1 C : 1/ 3 : 11 :	parking areas;
Risk of noise and/or vibration pollution	Notify and coordinate with local people adjacent to
of civil works/heavy trucks to the school	sub-project sites and school administration to inform
environment and local people	them of the possibility of temporary noise disruption
	& related issues, and how to report complaints if any;
	• Limit civil work activities to daytime hours to the extent feasible;
	 Sensitize vehicle drivers to switch off engines when
	the vehicle is parked;
	 Perform welding and other noise producing activities
	during weekend in order to minimize noise pollution
	during school days
Degradation of air quality due to the	Manual compaction of unstable soil and wearing dust
dust emissions;	mask
,	Watering while soil works and construction are being
	executed and where dust is emitted;
	<u>'</u>

	Reduce vehicle speed in working area
Soil erosion due to the runoff Generation of solid waste in the form of	 Installation of rain water harvesting system (Water tanks and waterways) Plantation of ornamental trees and grasses on exposed slopes Implement 3R principles (Reducing, reusing,
construction spoils	 recycling) wastes; Avail solid waste bins and sort garbage according different categories (e-wastes, chemicals, plastics, metals, glasses papers/wood and biodegradable wastes); Dispose of solid waste to existing dumpsite
Fire outbreak due to welding activities	 Avail sand and water on site for fire fighting Employ skilled people in welding activities Ensure a quick contact to concerned security institution in case of strong fire outbreak
Soil pollution due to toxic or hazardous chemical from paints or solvents	 Hazardous/toxic materials shall be stored in appropriate containers/stores with clearly visible labels; & regularly inspect for signs of leaks. Disposal of waste from paint in existing toxic liquid waste pit Company certified in collected waste will be hired in collecting the produced waste wherever possible Work closely with the district hospital in handling hazardous waste Provide training on management of all hazardous chemicals/materials and wastes for workers including use of Personal Protective Equipment
Soil pollution due to infiltration of microbes from faeces Ground water pollution due to infiltration of faeces	Proper construction of foundation and walls for pit by cementing

In order to put these measures into practice, an Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP) needs to be developed and elaborated. The EMP is developed to guide all activities of the project concerning the protection of the environment. This plan specifies the nature of the negative impacts, the proposed mitigation measures for these impacts, the indicators in the execution of these mitigation measures, the time period, the responsibilities and the follow-up needed from concerned

authorities. Other plans and procedures are developed as part of this ESMP, those include Occupational Health and Safety Plan to deals with occupational health and traffic, Chance Find Procedure to provide appropriate protocol in case a valuable artefacts or culturally valuable materials is found during civil works and Emergency Preparedness and Response Plan (EPRP) to guide project activities in cases of emergency.

CHAPTER IV: ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL MANAGEMENT/MONITORING PLAN

4.1 Environmental and Social Management Plan

Referring to data collected during Environmental and Social screening, all the sites have almost similar environmental and social impacts; hence only one table combining all the possible impacts was developed. However, the government owns land at only thirteen (13) sites (EP KABUGA, EP JEAN DEPAEPE, EP BIBUNGO, GS RUYANZA, EP KAMBYEYI, EP MASAKA, GS RUYENZI, RYAGASHAZA SITE, EP CYERU, EP Kagarama, Birembo site for primary level, Munyinya site for primary level, RURAMBA new site (secondary section); for the rest thirty-one (31) sub-projects sites owned by religious organizations (EP GIHINGA, EP MIGINA, EP RUBONA, EP GACURABWENGE, GS BUNYONGA, EP St BERNARD MURAMBI, EP St DON BOSCO GISIZI, GS BUBAZI IMANZI, GS St ANDRE NTWARI, EP GIKO PROTEST, G.S KABERE, E`P JENDA, GS ST ISIDORE MUGINA, EP NYAGISOZI, EP MUSAMBIRA, EP RUKAMBURA, GS STE THERESE KABASARE, EP MAGU, EP NYABUBARE, EP Ste AGNES NGOMA, EP NYAGIHAMBA GS NYARUBAKA,GS MASAKA, EP KINYAMBI, E.P PROTESTANT, EP KANYINYA, GS NYARUBUYE, G.S MUGANZA II, EP INGENZI MBATI, EP NTONDE, GS St PAUL KIRWA), a Consent form will be signed in the regards of the existing Prime Minister's order n°290/03 of 13/11/2015 determining special regulations governing government subsidized schools.

It is important to note that during the course of the project new environmental aspects and impacts may be identified, this ESMP will be revised every time once new impact is identified. Environmental and social safeguard officers will have the responsibility to report on the progress of implementation of this ESMP while the budget for ESMP implementation will be managed by MINEDUC and Districts.

During the implementation of Environmental and social management plan, there is a well-planned way of managing the cost of ESMP according to the project phase and project activity. There are some mitigation measures to be implemented at the national level, district level and others at site level according to the respective implementing responsibility.

The purchase and distribution of rainwater harvesting tanks will be done at National procurement level as well as the supply of Personnel protective equipment. Other mitigation measures will be executed in respect to the implementing responsibility.

Table 4. 3: Environmental and Social Management Plan for generic impacts for construction classrooms and latrines in Kamonyi District

Sub- Project Phase	Sub-Project Activity	Potential Impacts/issues	Management/Mitigatio n Measures	Implementatio n responsibilities	Time Frame	Estimated Cost (Frw)
Pre- constructio n phase	Site screening to confirm land availability for construction of classrooms and latrines	Acquisition of land owned by religious organization/ Faith Based Organization for construction of classrooms and latrines	Sign consent form with Faith Based Organization to avail land for construction of classrooms and latrines as per Prime Minister's order n°290/03 of 13/11/2015	Religious Legal Representative, Government of Rwanda	Before commencing civil works	No cost
		Loss of vegetation	Clear only the area designed for classrooms and latrines construction	Foreman, School Construction officer	During site clearance activities	No cost
	Site clearing	cover	Preserve (or stockpile) excavated topsoil for future site restoration procedures;	Foreman, School Construction officer	During site clearance activities	No cost
			Greening by grasses	Foreman, School Construction officer	At the end of construction activities	2,296,000

Constructio n Phase		Potential risks of wasting raw materials	•	Accurate estimate of needed materials Get supply of raw materials (such as sand, stones, bricks, etc) from authorized suppliers and sites	Foreman, School construction officer	During construction period	No cost
	Extraction and transportation of materials	Access roads	•	Locate access roads in consultation with local community and officials	Foreman, School construction officer, suppliers with local community	During construction period	No cost
		Risk of loss of landscape scenic value and associated effects on ecosystem	•	Hold top soils and vegetation matter near quarries, borrow pits and dumping sites	Suppliers	During implementation of the sub project activities	No cost
			•	Rehabilitate (green landscaping) the borrow pits, quarries and dumping sites at the end of construction activities	Suppliers	At the end of construction activities	No cost
	All activities: Excavation, Foundation	Valuable artefacts or culturally valuable materials	•	Use and follow chance find procedures as per the Environmental and	Foreman, School construction officer	Prior to and during excavation	3,600,000

works Elevation of			Social Commitment Plan			
walls, roof trusses, roof covering, Fixing windows and doors, internal		•	Checking daily if the materials are in good conditions before starting the activities,	Foreman, School construction officer	During the timeframe of the implementation of the subproject	No cost
and external finishing and pavement.	Accidental injuries	•	Equip all site workers with Individual protective equipments (such as boots, helmets, overalls, leather gloves, high visibility jackets)	Foreman, School construction officer	During the timeframe of the implementation of the subproject	8,294,400
		•	Avail first aid kit onsite,	Foreman, School construction officer	During the timeframe of the implementation of the subproject	432,000
		•	Ensure that all workers have medical insurance such as "Mutuelle de santé", RAMA or any other recognized medical insurance	Foreman, School construction officer	During the timeframe of the implementation of the subproject	No cost
		•	Ensure provision of regular briefing on occupational health	Foreman, School construction	During the implementation of the subproject	No cost

	and safety to workers	officer		
	having distance between workers	Foreman, School construction officer	During the implementation of the subproject	No cost
Deterioration of workers' health and child right	The site will be provided with clean drinking water	Foreman, School construction officer and safeguards team	During the sub- project implementation	594,000
violation	Construction workers should be given break to go for lunch;	Foreman, School construction officer and safeguards team	During the sub- project implementation	No cost
	Child labor should be avoided at all stages of construction (child under 18years old)	Foreman, School construction officer and safeguards team	During the sub- project implementation	No cost
	 Fair treatment of workers and provision of safe and health working condition Respect of working 	Foreman, School construction officer and safeguards team	During the sub- project implementation	No cost

Risk of conflict	hours • Local residents will	Foreman,	During the	
	be given the priority during workforce selection;	School Head Teacher and Social Safeguard Team	implementation of the sub project	No cost
Risk of insecurity at the sub project site	authorized personnel get to site	Foreman, Local Authorities and school construction officer	During the implementation of the sub project	No cost
	persons are available on the site	Foreman, Local Authorities and school construction officer	During the implementation of the sub project	5,400,000

Risk of contamination by HIV/AIDS and other STDs, Sexual harassment and abuse, GBV (gender based violation)	•	Sensitize site workers on HIV/AIDS, Sexual harassment and abuse, GBV (gender based violation) to avoid negative effects from social&	Foreman ,Health Centers, Local Authorities	During the implementation of the subproject	No cost
	•	Multicultural inclusion at the area.	Foreman ,Health Centers, Local Authorities	During the implementation of the subproject	No cost
	•	Voluntary testing to determine HIV status; counselling at existing medical facilities;	Foreman ,Health Centers, Local Authorities	During the implementation of the subproject	No cost
	•	Enforce and sensitize code of conducts	Foreman ,Health Centers, Local Authorities	During the implementation of the subproject	No cost
Poor hygiene and sanitation	•	Provide means for handling waste generated by construction workers	Social affairs at sector level, School construction officer, Foreman	During the implementation of the subproject	No cost

	•	Avail handwashing facilities	Social affairs at sector level, School construction officer, Foreman	During the implementation of the subproject	540, 000
	•	Always keep clean toilets	Social affairs at sector level, School construction officer, Foreman	During the implementation of the subproject	No cost
	•	Install toilets away from rivers or areas with shallow groundwater	Social affairs at sector level, School construction officer, Foreman	During the implementation of the subproject	No cost
	•	Sensitize workers about handwashing culture	Social affairs at sector level, School construction officer, Foreman	During the implementation of the subproject	No cost
Risk of exhaust emissions (e.g. sulphur, Carbon, Nitrogen, chlorofluorocarbo	•	Before hiring a supplier, make sure that his/her vehicle has a valid vehicle technical control	Foreman, Rwanda National police District Environmental	During implementation of the activities	No cost

ns,) from movement	avoid unnecessary racing of vehicle engines at loading/offloading points and parking areas;	officer Environmental and Social Safeguards Officer		
or vibrat pollution work/he to the sc	with local people avy trucks hool ment and with local people adjacent to subproject sites and school administration to	im	plementation the activities	No cost
	Limit civil work activities to daytime hours to the extent feasible	im	plementation the activities	No cost

	•	Perform welding and other noise producing activities during weekend in order to minimize noise pollution during school days	Foreman	During implementation of the activities	No cost
Degradation of air quality due to the	•	Manual compaction of unstable soil and wearing dust mask	Foreman, Drivers ,Traffic Police and Safeguards team	During implementation of the sub project activities	No cost
dust emissions;	•	Watering while soil works and construction are being executed and where dust is emitted;	Foreman, Drivers ,Traffic Police and Safeguards team	During implementation of the sub project activities	1,800,000
	•	Reduce vehicle speed in working area	Foreman, Drivers ,Traffic Police and Safeguards team	During implementation of the sub project activities	No cost
Soil erosion due to the runoff	•	Installation of rain water harvesting system (Water tanks and waterways). One water tank of 10 cubic meter per three classrooms	MINEDUC in collaboration with MINEMA, Ministry of Environment, FONERWA, Districts,	During the implementation of the subproject	33,600,000

Generation of solid waste in the form of construction spoils	 Plantation of ornamental trees and grasses on exposed slopes Implement 3R principles (Reducing, reusing, recycling) wastes; 	School head teacher, Foreman Foreman and school construction officer District Environmental Officer, School head teacher, Foreman	During the implementation of the subproject During the timeframe of the implementation of the project	492,000 No cost
	Avail solid waste bins and sort garbage according different categories (e-wastes, chemicals, plastics, metals, glasses papers/wood and biodegradable wastes);	District Environmental Officer, School construction officer, Foreman	During the timeframe of the implementation of the subproject	900,000

		•	Dispose of solid waste to existing dumpsite	District Environmental Officer, School construction officer, Foreman	During the implementation of the subproject	No cost
	Fire outbreak due	•	Avail sand and water on site for fire fighting	School construction officer, foreman and police fire bridge	During welding activities	1,800,000
	to welding activities	•	Employ of skilled people in welding activities	Foreman and school construction officer	During welding activities	No cost
		•	Ensure a quick contact to concerned security institution in case of strong fire outbreak	Foreman and school construction officer	During welding activities	No cost
Painting	Soil pollution due to toxic or	•	Hazardous/toxic materials shall be stored in appropriate containers/stores with clearly visible labels and regularly inspect for signs of leaks	District Environmental officer, School construction officer, Foreman	During the implementation of the sub project	No cost

		hazardous	•	Provide training on	District	During the	
		chemical from		management of all	Environmental	implementation	
		paints or solvents		hazardous	officer, School	of the sub project	No cost
				chemicals/materials	construction		No cost
				and wastes for	officer,		
				workers including use	Foreman		
				of Personnel			
				Protective Equipment			
				(Gloves and Masks)			
			•	Work closely with	District	During Painting	
				District Hospitals in	Environmental	activities	
				handling hazardous	officer, School		2,160,000
				wastes or Authorized	construction		2,100,000
				company wherever	officer,		
				possible	Foreman		
Operation	Use of toilet	Soil pollution due	Pro	per construction of	School	During pit	
		to infiltration of	fou	ndation and walls for	construction	cementing and	
		microbes from	pit	by cementing	officer and	foundation	
		faeces			specialist	works	17,520,000
		Ground water					17,320,000
		pollution due to					
		infiltration of					
		faeces					
TOTAL E	STIMATED BU	DGET	•				78,888,400

4.2 Environmental and Social Monitoring Plan

The below monitoring plan is applicable to all impact summarized in the above table and it is common to all sites within Kamonyi District. As stated above, for sub-projects owned by religious institutions; they shall sign consent forms with the government prior the construction works.

Table 4. 4: Environmental and Social Monitoring Plan for construction of classrooms and latrines in Kamonyi District

Sub- Project Phase	Potential Impacts	Management/Mitigation Measures	Monitoring indicator	Time Frame/Frequency	Responsible	Estimated Cost (Frw)
Pre- constru ction phase	Acquisition of land owned by religious organization/ Faith Based Organization for construction of classrooms and latrines	Sign consent form with Faith Based Organization to avail land for construction of classrooms and latrines as per Prime Minister's order n°290/03 of 13/11/2015	Number of signed consent form	Before the commencement of civil works	Monitoring and Evaluation specialist and social safeguards specialist/MINE DUC	No cost
	Loss of vegetation cover	 Clear only the area designed for classrooms and latrines construction Preserve (or stockpile) excavated topsoil for future site restoration procedures; Greening by grasses 	Area cleared in square meter Quantity of excavated soil in cubic meter Area greened in square meter	Once Once Once (after construction works)	Local authorities, Foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	2,592,000

Constru ction phase	Potential risks of wasting raw materials	 Accurate estimate of needed materials Get supply of rawmaterials (such as sand, stones, bricks, etc.) from authorized suppliers and sites 	Quantity of remaining materials	Daily	Local authorities, Foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards Team School construction officer	216,000
	Access roads	Locate access roads in consultation with local community and officials		Daily	Local authorities, Foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards Team School construction officer	No cost
	Risk of loss of landscape scenic value and associated effects on ecosystem	 Hold top soils and vegetation matter near quarries, borrow pits and dumping sites Rehabilitate (green landscaping) the borrow pits, quarries and dumping sites at the end of construction activities 		Daily	Local authorities, Foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards Team School construction officer	No cost

Pre- constru ction and constru ction phase	Valuable artefacts or culturally valuable materials	Use and follow chance find procedures as per the Environmental and Social Commitment Plan	Number of complaints	During construction period	Local authorities, Foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	No cost
	Accidental injuries	 Checking daily if the materials are in good conditions before starting the activities, Equip all site workers with Individual protective equipment (such as boots, helmets, and high visibility jackets) Avail first aid kit onsite, Ensure that all workers have medical insurance such as "Mutuelle de santé", RAMA or any other recognized medical insurance Ensure provision of 	Number of Materials in good condition Number of workers with personnel protective equipment Number of first aid kit on site Number of workers with medical Insurance Distance in meter	Daily Daily	Local authorities, Foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	594,000

	regular briefing on occupational health and safety to workers • Having distance between workers				
Deterioration of workers' health and child right violation	 The site will be provided with clean drinking water Construction workers should be given break to go for lunch; 	Quantity of drinking water in jerican Number of hours for break	Daily Daily Daily	Local authorities, Foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	
	 Child labor should be avoided at all stages of construction (child under 18years old) Fair treatment of workers and provision of safe and health working condition 	Number of children on site Number of complains raised	Daily Daily		1,980,000
Risk of conflict	 Respect of working hours Local residents will be 	Number of working hours/day Number of	Daily	Local	100.000
	given the priority during	local		authorities,	180,000

	 workforce selection; Wearing uniform (jacket) Grievance redress mechanism 	residents on work Number of workers with jackets		Foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	
Risk of insecurity at the sub project site	 Ensure only authorized personnel get to site Ensure security persons are available on the site 	Entry Register book Contract of security personnel employed	Daily	Local authorities, Foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	720,000
Risk of contamination by HIV/AIDS and other STDs,Sexual harassment and abuse, GBV (gender based violation)	 Sensitize site workers on HIV/AIDS, Sexual harassment and abuse, GBV (gender based violation) to avoid negative effects from social& multicultural inclusion at the area. Voluntary testing to determine HIV status; counselling at existing medical facilities; Enforce and sensitize 	Minutes and attendance lists Number of voluntary tested personnel Minute and attendance list	Monthly Moekly	Local authorities, Foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	2,736,000

	code of conducts				
Poor hygiene and sanitation	 Provide means for handling waste generated by construction workers Avail handwashing facilities Always keep clean toilets Install toilets away from rivers or areas with shallow groundwater Sensitize workers about handwashing culture 	Number of handwashing facilities on site Field visit report Minute and attendance list	Daily	Local authorities, Foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	1,980,000
Risk of exhaus emissions (e.g. sulphur, Carbon, Nitrogen, chlorofluorocarbons,) from truck movements	vehicle has a valid vehicle technical control certificate	Inspection report Minute and attendance lists	Daily	Local authorities, Site Foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards Team District Environmental officer	3,600,000

	points and parking areas;				
Risk of noise and vibration pollution of machinery/heav y trucks to the school environment and local people	 Notify and coordinate with local people adjacent to sub-project sites and school administration to inform them of the possibility of temporary noise disruption & related issues, and how to report complaints if any; Limit civil work activities to daytime hours to the extent feasible; Sensitize vehicle drivers to switch off engines when the vehicle is parked; Perform welding and other noise producing activities during weekend in order to minimize noise pollution during school 	Number of complaints raised about noise and vibration	Daily	Local authorities, Foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	1,980,000

	days				
Degradation of air quality due to the dust emissions;	 Manual compaction of unstable soil Watering while soil works and construction are being executed and where dust is emitted; Reduce vehicle speed in working area 	Area of compacted soil in square meter	Daily	Local authorities, Foreman, and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	684,000
Soil erosion due to the runoff	 Installation of rain water harvesting system (Water tanks and waterways) Plantation of ornamental trees and grasses on exposed slopes 	Number of installed water tanks Number of planted ornamental trees	Monthly	Local authorities, Foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	432,000
Generation of solid waste in the form of construction spoils	 Implement 3R principles (Reducing, reusing, recycling) wastes; Avail solid waste bins and sort garbage 	Awareness provided for workers on 3R principles Number of solid waste bins and	Weekly Daily	District Environmental Officer, Local authorities, Foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards	324,000

	•	according different categories (e-wastes, chemicals, plastics, metals, glasses papers/wood and biodegradable wastes); Dispose of solid waste to existing dumpsite	Amount of solid waste disposed at existing dumpsite	Weekly	Team	
due	e outbreak e to welding ivities	site for fire fighting Employ skilled people in welding activities	Quantity of sand and water in cubic meter	Daily	Local authorities, Foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	216,000
due haz che pair	e to toxic or zardious emical from ents or vents	materials shall be stored in appropriate containers/stores with clearly visible labels; & regularly inspect for signs of leaks.	Number of personnel protective equipment	Monthly	Local authorities, Site Foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	216,000

TOTAL	ESTIMATED BU	UDGET				18,906,000
Operati on	Soil and groundwater pollution due to infiltration of microbes from toilets	Proper construction of foundation and walls for pit by cementing	Inspection report	Once after completion	Local authorities, foreman and MINEDUC Safeguards Team	456,000
		 Company certified in collected waste will be hired in collecting the produced waste wherever possible Work closely with the district hospital in handling hazardous waste Provide training on management of all hazardous chemicals/materials and wastes for workers including use of PPEs 				

4.2.1 Monitoring roles

Table 4. 5: Monitoring roles and responsibility

Institution	Roles	Responsible
		department/person
WORLD BANK	 Responsible for issuing no objection before the project implementation Monitoring of the implementation of ESMP Capacity building of MINEDUC safeguards Team and social protection unit Staff on ESMP 	WB Safeguards Team
RDB	Issuance of the clearance certificate for the projects	EIA Department
MININFRA	Technical support to classrooms and latrines construction activities	Staff in charge of construction
MINEDUC	 Review the ESMP from District and submit it to WB for no objection Address the comments from WB and submit it to RDB for clearance Monitoring of ESMP implementation Training of District staff on ESMP Report the implementation of ESMP to WB 	MINEDUC Safeguard Team
Districts	 Preparation of ESMP and submit it to MINEDUC to be reviewed and submitted to WB and RDB Training of stakeholders at Sector level and technicians on ESMP Monitoring of ESMP implementation and report to MINEDUC Supervise the implementation of Mitigation Plan Supervision of putting in place and operationalization of grievance committees 	 Environmental officer Schools Construction Engineer Director of Education unit
Sector and Cells	 Training of stakeholders at Sector level and technicians on ESMP Monitoring of ESMP implementation and report to District Supervise the implementation of Mitigation Plan Supervision of putting in place and operationalization of grievance committees 	 Sector land officer Sector Social Protection Officer Executive secretary of concerned Cells Sector agronomist

	•	Execute	ESMP	guidelines	and	report	any	Community	and	
Community		Environmental and Social issue occurred on the site to Workers								
	local authorities									
	•	Election of grievance committee's members								

CHAPTER V. REPORTING AND DOCUMENTATION

The Environmental and Social Safeguards Officers (ESSO) at District level; in close collaboration with District Environmental Officer; will ensure if monthly and quarterly reports of the implementation and monitoring of the ESMP are provided timely to the Ministry which shall consolidate and submit all the reports to the World Bank as agreed in the commitment plan. The ESSO shall ensure the documentation of all designed mitigation measures in this plan. He/ She shall notify within 24 hours any incident or accident related to the project implementation or that has impact on it, and that has or could have a significant adverse effect on the environment, the affected communities, the public, or the workers included, for example, occupational accidents and electrocution.

CHAPTER VI.CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

6.1 Conclusion

Prior to the commencement of any sub-project or individual activity, it is required to understand the nature of the tasks involved and any hazards that may be associated with it. To ensure that all potential hazards are identified and suitably controlled or mitigated, there are 5 key process elements to be continually implemented as follows: identify the hazards; assess who may be harmed and how; evaluate the risks and decide on appropriate control measures; record the findings and implement the controls; periodically review the assessments and update as required.

Plans and procedures that describe the actions to be taken and control measures to be applied, in order to reduce risk to health and welfare of sub-project personnel and other stakeholders, resulting from construction activities to all levels, are developed and reviewed as necessary, to meet both legal and employer contract specific ESMP requirements.

Given the nature and location of the project development activities, the conclusion is that the potential impacts associated with the proposed development are of a nature and extent that can be avoided, reduced, and eliminated by the application of the proposed appropriate mitigation measures suggested; hence the construction of 220 classrooms and 224 latrines sub-projects under Quality Basic Education for Human Capital Development (QBE-HCD) Project in Kamonyi District shall be successfully implemented.

ANNEXES:

Annex 1: Occupational Health and Safety Plan

This plan provides remedies for potential community health, safety and a security risk associated with the implementation of Rwanda QBE – HCD sub-projects and helps to provide guidance that respond and mitigate the identified risks. Under this plan all applicable laws and standards stated in legal and institutional framework shall apply. The table below shows the potential risks of sub-projects activities under QBE – HCD Project in Kamonyi District, the proposed mitigation measures and the responsibilities. The following table summarizes the Community Health, Safety and Security Management Plan.

Table 6: Occupational Health, Safety and Security Management Plan

Potential Risk	Mitigation Measures	Responsible
The influx of new workers	➤ Health services of the new workers	District in
from outside areas to the	shall be provided especially the	collaboration with
project area will increase	medical insurance "Mutuelle de	RSSB
demand on existing health	santé"	
services		
The influx of new workers to	Awareness campaigns on hygiene	Sectors
the area could bring with it an	and sanitation and how these	Districts
increase of communicable	diseases spread.	
diseases.		
Dust from transport and	Control speed limits;	Site environmental
vehicles and machineries on	➤ Haul truck transporting volatile	and social officers
roads	construction materials	
	Ensure haul trucks are not	Site construction
	overloaded and are covered where	engineers
	necessary;	
		District
		environmental
		officer
Road accidents	> Restrict speed limits 20km/hour;	Traffic policy
	Erect speed control signs post;	
	Community awareness on proper	
	use of roads.	
Diffuse run-off from roads,	 Ditches will channel surface water 	Site construction
construction areas and other	runoff to the designated areas;	engineers
disturbed areas may contain	Maximum reuse or recycle of	
elevated concentrations of	process waste water;	

Potential Risk	Mitigation Measures	Responsible
suspended solids or pollutants	Water monitoring will be conducted.	
Noise will be significant during construction.	 Monitoring will be conducted; Operating hours of the open pit activities only during the daily hours; Speed restrictions on site traffic; 	Environmental and social officer District environmental officer
Gas emissions from project vehicles, trucks and construction machineries	 Constant preventative emission control; Ensure all project vehicles and trucks have valid vehicle inspection certificates, 	Environmental and social District environmental officer
Dust from construction activities including quarries and borrow pits	 Sprays water to avoid lift of dust; Workers provided with appropriate PPE. 	Environmental and social officer District environmental officer
Interaction between learns and project workers	 Head teacher, foreman, environmental and social officer to prevent any interactions between learners and project workers by keeping learners far from construction sites and enforcing strict security measures; Learners plays and interactions between themselves must be from construction sites Increase security awareness among learners and restrict them from crossing danger/warning tape. 	
Site intrusion, theft, and other insecurity at construction site	 Put in place warning tape across construction perimeter Ensure security of construction site by appointing security staffs 24/7 till completion of construction 	

Annex 2: Chance Finds Procedure

Institute of National Museums of Rwanda (INMR) is responsible for recovering these items. Chance find procedures will be used as follows:

- i. Stop the construction activities in the area of the chance find;
- ii. Delineate the discovered site or area;
- iii. Secure the site to prevent any damage or loss of removable objects. In cases of removable antiquities or sensitive remains, a night guard shall be present until the responsible local authorities and the equivalent take over;
- iv. Notify the supervisory Engineer who in turn will notify the responsible local authorities and the General Authority of Antiquities immediately (within 24 hours or less);
- v. Responsible local authorities and the General Authority of Antiquities would be in charge of protecting and preserving the site before deciding on subsequent appropriate procedures. This would require a preliminary evaluation of the findings to be performed by the archeologists of the General Authority of Antiquities (within 72 hours). The significance and importance of the findings should be assessed according to the various criteria relevant to cultural heritage; those include the aesthetic, historic, scientific or research, social and economic values;
- vi. Decisions on how to handle the finding shall be taken by the responsible authorities and the General Authority of Antiquities. This could include changes in the layout (such as when finding an irremovable remain of cultural or archeological importance) conservation, preservation, restoration and salvage;
- vii. Implementation for the authority decision concerning the management of the finding shall be communicated in writing by the General Authority of Antiquities; and
- viii. Construction work could resume only after permission is given from the responsible local authorities and the General Authority of Antiquities concerning safeguard of the heritage.

These procedures must be referred to as standard provisions in construction contracts, when applicable, during project supervision, the Site Engineer shall monitor the above regulations relating to the treatment of any chance find encountered are observed.

Annex 3: Grievance Redress Mechanism Log Frame Template

The log form to be filled by grievance redress committees

Griev	Nam	Date	Means of	Loc	Type of	Sum	Action	Dat	Statu	Status	Statu
ance	es	for	grievance	atio	issue	mari	undert	e of	s+30	+60	s+90
Refer	and	griev	reception	n of	raised	zed	aken	acti	days	days	days
ence	ID	ance	(SMS,	grie	(Grieva	desc		on			
Num	of	rece	Phone	van	nce,	ripti					
ber	com	ption	call,l etter,	ce	Concer	on of					
	plai		email,	rece	n,	the					
	nant		verbal,)	ptio	request,	com					
				n)	plain					
						t					

TEMPLATE FOR CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF GRCs ACTIVITIES

N	Names,	Date	Means	Type of	Summari	Action	Date	Level	Status
О	Area of	for	of	issue	zed	undertak	of	of	of
	residence	grievan	grievan	raised	descriptio	en	actio	GRC	grievan
	and ID of	ce	ce	(Grievan	n of the		n	that	ce
	complain	recepti	recepti	ce,	complaint			took	during
	ant	on	on	Concern,				action	the
			(SMS,	request,				on	reporti
			Phone)				grievan	ng time
			call,					ce	
			letter,						
			email,						
)						

Annex 4: Reporting format of the ESMP implementation progress

- 1. Sub/projects background (locations' description etc.,)
- 2. Actual impacts including unforeseen effects of the project
- 3. Level of staff awareness on operational issues relating to environmental performance
- 4. Overall status of environmental performance
 - List all challenges encountered so far during project implementation & lessons & learnt
 - Provide photos and pictures that illustrate the changes onsite before intervention and after intervention)
- 5. Recommendation for continual improvement

Impact predicted	Proposed mitigation measures	Indicator (Parameter to be measured)	Color coding	Sub- project	Findings/Remarks (Describe status of completion, Does this measure seem effective? suggest solutions where problems are encountered)
District ESSO TOBE COMPLI Progress monito				<mark>of tin</mark> □ sligh	MP hedule/completed/ahead

Note: The progress of implementing mitigation measures should be color-coded in column 4: **Green** = On Schedule/ Ahead of Schedule/ Completed, **yellow** = Slightly Delayed, **Red** = Delayed

Annex 5: Emergency preparedness and response plan

Overview

This Emergency Preparedness and Response Plan is part of Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP), it provides specific information about required action to handle emergencies at site during execution of Rwanda Quality Basic Education for Human Capital Development (QBE-HCD) Project being implemented in all districts of Rwanda. This plan provides a set of intended actions through which personal health and safety objectives at work would be attained. The goal is to ensure project workers are aware of emergency situations and response procedures in order to avoid and diminish adverse effects from emergency situations by preventing injuries or deaths, reducing or eliminating harm to project personnel and visitors, reducing or avoiding damage to equipment, system and project properties, ensuring well trained and coordinated response by Project workers.

The emergency situations highlighted here include but not limited to potential hazard-bearing circumstances or situation (fall from heights, minor or fatal injuries, hazardous weather conditions, etc.), outbreak of a highly infectious disease, for instance the current COVID-19 Pandemic, personal medical emergency such as heart attack, strokes, etc., spontaneous dangerous events (fire outbreak, terrorist attack, and procedure for evacuation in case of emergencies.

The emergency actions implementation will be coordinated by Site supervisor or Foreman/women, supervised and assisted by a team of qualified project staffs composed of Environmental and Social Safeguard Officer (ESSO), School Construction Field Officer (SCFO), and District Disaster Management Officer (DDMO). The Foreman/women must be well-informed of the emergency response plan and all procedures; S/he is also responsible for conducting immediate risk assessment, determines and lead appropriate response; alerts employees/workers and visitors; ensures emergency services are contacted and the Ministry of Education is apprised of the emergency as soon as possible.

This Emergency Preparedness and Response Plan will be communicated to project employees and visitors when they begin working with or visit project construction sites. Emergency responses will be regularly discussed at workers' meetings and emergency actions/procedures will be posted on wall chats at construction sites in an easily viewed location for all workers and visitors.

The table below present a summary of actions and responsibilities during emergency response for Rwanda QBEHCD project

Table 7: Emergency preparedness and response plan

S/N	Scenario requiring emergency preparedness	Emergency actions/response/control and preventive guidance	Responsible person	Resources Required (Equipment, materials, Personnel, etc.)
		I. Hazard and risks	<u> </u> 	
1	Potential hazards and risks at site/workplace	 Identifying existing or potential hazards and ensuring that these risks are removed; Conducts regular audits of the workplace; Employees may bring forward health and safety concerns to the site supervisor/Forman or to Employees' meetings through the Employees' supervisor/Forman 	 Environmental and Social Safeguard Officers (ESSO), School Construction Field Office (SCFO), District School Construction Engineer (DSCE), District Environment Officer (DEO), District Disaster Management Officer (DDMO) and Site supervisor or foreman/women 	Risk assessment Checklist,Audit Checklist,
		II. Emergency situation		
2.1	COVID – 19 outbreak	Site supervisor or foreman/women's actions The Site supervisor or foreman/women, supervised and assisted by ESSO, SCFO, and DDMO, will be required to:		

 Ensure that community should be made aware of procedures put in place at site to address issues related to COVID-19; 	 Site supervisors/ Foremann ESSO SCFO DDMO
 Prepare a profile of the workforce, key work construction activities, and schedule for carrying out such activities; 	 Site supervisors/ Foremann ESSO SCFO DDMO
 Provide, in collaboration with local health authority/office, COVID-19 prevention and management training and awareness regularly for the workforce; 	 Site supervisors/ Foremann ESSO SCFO DDMO
 Ensure handwashing facilities, including with soap and water, or alcohol-based sanitizers are supplied at the construction site, including at entrances/exits to work areas; 	 Site supervisors/ Foremann ESSO SCFO DDMO
 Provide an easily accessible grievance mechanism to raise 	Site supervisors/Foremann

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workplace concerns relating to	- ESSO	
COVID-19; and	- SCFO	
	- DDMO	
 Supervise/monitor and ensure that all the actions stated below are being taken to address the COVID-19 risks. 	 Site supervisors/ Foremann ESSO SCFO DDMO 	
General control and preventative guidance to all workers, supervisors and site visitors regardless of exposure risk		
All workers, supervisors and site visitors must:		
 Frequently wash their hands with soap and clean water (Kandagira ukarabe) for at least 40 seconds while at sites. When soap and running water are unavailable, use an alcohol-based hand rub with at least 60% alcohol; 	Site supervisors/ForemannESSOSCFO	 Clean water in Kandagira ukarabe or water taps, Soaps Alcohol based sanitizers
 Avoid touching eyes, nose, or mouth with unwashed hands; 	 Employees, supervisors, visitors, etc. 	 Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite; Regular toolbox meeting and training
Follow appropriate respiratory etiquette,	— Employees,	- Awareness message

which includes covering for coughs and	supervisors and	on banners and wall
sneezes; and avoid close contact with people who are sick;	visitors	charts posted onsite; — Regular toolbox meeting and training;
 If an employee, supervisor or site visitors, shows early symptoms of COVID - 19 such as chills, body aches, sore throat, headache, diarrhea, nausea/vomiting, and runny nose or/and further severe symptoms like Coughing, fever, shortness of breath, difficulty breathing; s/he must leave the site immediately and seek medical care help by calling 114 or contact nearby health service 	Employees, supervisors and visitors	 Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite; Regular toolbox meeting and training;
 providers; If one develops fever and symptoms of respiratory illness such as cough or shortness of breath, do not go to work, stay at home and call 114 for assistance; 	Employees, supervisors and visitors	 Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite; Regular toolbox meeting and training;
 Likewise, if you come into close contact with someone showing these symptoms, call 114 right away; 	Employees,supervisors andvisitors	 Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite; Regular toolbox meeting and training;
 Avoid unnecessary movements inside construction sites by students or intruders in the project areas by restricting sites with 	School headmasterLocal authority and security organs	Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite;

installed site perimeter/fence.	Site supervisorEmployees	Awareness meeting with students and
	— Employees	local community
Site protective and control measures - Any employee/contractor/visitor showing symptoms of COVID-19 will be asked to leave the jobsite and return home immediately;	Site supervisors/ForemannESSOSCFO	 Printed names of all workers onsite
 All site meetings will be avoided but if conducted, attendance will be collected verbally and the foreman will sign-in each attendee. Attendance will not be tracked through passed-around sign-in sheets; 	Site supervisors/ForemannESSOSCFO	Printed names of all workers onsitePens and papers
During any site meetings, avoid gathering in groups of more than 10 people and participants must remain at least two (2) meters apart;	Site supervisors/ForemannESSOSCFO	 Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite; Regular toolbox meeting and training;
- Employees will be encouraged to, if practicable, reduce the size of any group at any one time to less than ten (10) people;	Site supervisors/ForemannESSOSCFO	 Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite; Regular toolbox meeting and training;
Employees must avoid physical contact with	— Site supervisors/	- Awareness message

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other employees, supervisors, suppliers, or	Foremann	on banners and wall
visitors to increase personal space to at least	- ESSO	charts posted onsite;
two (2) meters where possible.	- SCFO	- Regular toolbox
		meeting and training;
 Supplier must control how their trucks are used by allowing only necessary employees to enter the trucks while maintaining social distancing inside the trucks. 	Site supervisors/ForemannESSOSCFO	 Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite; Regular toolbox meeting and training;
 In case the access to running water for hand washing is impracticable, the Sector will provide, by all means, alcohol-based hand sanitizers to be used as disinfectant; 	 Sector Executive Secretary, Site supervisors/ Foremann ESSO SCFO 	 Alcohol-based hand sanitizers with at least 60% alcohol content;
 Employees should avoid the use of co- workers' mobile phones, tools and equipments. To the extent tools must be shared, the Sector will provide alcohol-based wipes to clean tools before and after use; 	 Sector Executive Secretary, Site supervisors/ Foremann ESSO SCFO Employees 	 Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite; Regular toolbox meeting and training; Alcohol-based hand sanitizers with at least 60% alcohol content;
 Employees are encouraged to minimize ride- sharing. While in vehicle, employees must 	— Employees	Regular toolbox

ensure adequate ventilation;	- Site supervisors/	meeting and training;
 If practicable, employees should use/drive 	Foremann - ESSO - SCFO - Employees	Regular toolbox
the same truck or piece of equipment every shift.	Site supervisors/ForemannESSOSCFO	meeting and on-job training;
 In lieu of using a common source of drinking water, such as tap water or jericans, employees should use individual water bottles; 	 Employees Site supervisors/ Foremann ESSO SCFO 	 Regular toolbox meeting and on-job training; Clean jerican and taps;
 The project administration will provide workers with up-to-date education and training on COVID-19 risk factors and protective behaviors (e.g., cough etiquette and care of PPE) 	Foremann	 Regular toolbox meeting and on-job training;
Construction site visitors		
 The number of visitors to the job site, including the trucks/vehicles will be limited to only those necessary for the work.; 	 Employees Site supervisors/ Foremann ESSO SCFO 	 Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite;

 All visitors will be screened in advance of arriving on the job site. If the visitor answers "yes" to any of the following questions, he/she should not be permitted to access the jobsite: 	Site supervisors/ForemannESSOSCFO	 Visitors' questionnaires, thermometers, etc.
 Have you been confirmed positive for COVID-19? Are you currently experiencing, or recently experienced, any acute respiratory illness symptoms such as fever, cough, or shortness of breath? Have you been in close contact with any persons who has been confirmed positive for COVID-19? Have you been in close contact with any persons who have traveled and are also exhibiting acute respiratory illness symptoms? 		
 Deliveries of construction materials and equipments is permitted but should be properly coordinated with no or minimal/limited contact. Delivery personnel should remain in their vehicles/trucks if at all possible; 	 Suppliers'	 Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite; Regular toolbox meeting and training;

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 Use of Safety Equipments In addition to PPEs for workers engaged in various tasks, Employees will buy their own face masks to be worn at all times while onsite. Employees should avoid sharing masks. 	 Employees, Site supervisors/ Foremann ESSO SCFO 	 Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite; Regular toolbox meeting and training; Face masks
Site Cleaning and Disinfecting		
 Regular housekeeping practices including frequent cleaning and disinfecting of used tools, equipments and other elements of the work environment will be instituted and controlled by Sector and site supervisors/foreman 	 Sector Executive Secretary, Site supervisors/ Foremann Employees, ESSO SCFO 	Clean waterCleaning detergents or soaps
 Vehicles and equipment/tools should be cleaned at least once per day and before change in rider or operator; 	 Site supervisors/ Foremann Employees, ESSO SCFO 	Clean waterCleaning detergents or soaps
 If an employee has tested positive for COVID-19, special cleaning or decontamination of work environments will be required if the place is visibly contaminated with bodily fluids and blood, 	 Site supervisors/ Foremann Employees, ESSO SCFO 	Clean waterCleaning detergentsor soaps

	nonetheless, ordinary and regular cleaning to the areas of the jobsite that a confirmed positive individual may have come into contact with will be cleaned before employees can access that work space again; The Sector and site supervisor will ensure that any disinfection shall be conducted using cleaning products recommended by Rwanda Ministry of Health and all records of used disinfectants will be maintained on daily basis.	 Site supervisors/ Foremann Employees, ESSO SCFO 	 Disinfectants, Cleaning detergents or soaps Records keeping books
	Construction site Exposure Situations If an employee exhibits COVID-19 symptoms, the employee must remain at home until he or she is symptom free. The Sector/Site supervisor will similarly require an employee that reports to work with symptoms to return home until they are symptom. To the extent practical, employees are required to obtain a doctor's note clearing them to return to work.	EmployeesSite supervisors/Foremann	 Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite; Regular toolbox meeting and training;
_	- An employee that tests positive for COVID-19 will be directed to self-quarantine away from work.	— Employees	 Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite; Regular toolbox meeting and training;

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 Employees that test positive and are symptom free may return to work when at least seven (14) days have passed since the date of his or her first positive test, and have not had a subsequent illness. 	— Employees	 Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite; Regular toolbox meeting and training;
— Employees that test positive and are directed to care for themselves at home may return to work when: (1) at least 72 hours (3 full days) have passed since recovery; and (2) at least seven (7) days have passed since symptoms first appeared. Employees that test positive and have been hospitalized may return to work when directed to do so by their medical care provider. The Sector/site supervisor will require an employee to provide documentation clearing their return to work	— Employees	 Medical clearance provided by professional doctor or public hospital
 Employees that have come into close contact with a confirmed-positive COVID-19 individual (co-worker or otherwise), will be directed to self-quarantine for 14 days from the last date of close contact with the carrier. Close contact is defined as less than two (2) meters for a prolonged period of time. 	— Employees	 Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite; Regular toolbox meeting and training;
If the Sector/site supervisor learns that an employee has tested positive, the	Site supervisors/ Foremann	 Regular toolbox meeting and training and investigations;

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		Sector/Supervisor will conduct an	-	1 7	_	
		investigation into co-workers that may have	_			
		had close contact with the confirmed-	_	SCFO		
		positive employee in the prior 14 days and				
		direct those individuals that have had close				
		contact with the confirmed-positive				
		employee to self-quarantine for 14 days from				
		the last date of close contact with the carrier.				
		— If an employee learns that he or she has come into close contact with a confirmed- positive individual outside of the workplace, he/she must alert supervisor/foreman of the close contact and also self-quarantine for 14 days from the last date of close contact with the carrier	_	Site supervisors/ Foremann Employees		Regular toolbox meeting and training
		Record keeping of confirmed COVID-19 cases				
		 If there is a confirmed case of COVID-19 at construction site, the site supervisor will record all details related to such case and report it immediately to sector, district and Ministry of Education. 	 - -	~~~	_]	Logbook or form
2.2 Personal r	medical	- Immediately ensure contact to emergency	_	Site supervisors/	—]	Employees'
emergenc	•	medical services (EMS) and that onsite first		Foremann	(eemergency contact
examples situation i		aid is administered until EMS Personnel/staff	—	ESSOs and	j	information form
heart attac		arrive;	_	SCFO	—]	First aid kit

	anaphylactic shock, personal injury at the work place	 Ensure that the individual's emergency contacts are informed unless otherwise requested by the individual; Complete a detailed accident report and send it to MINEDUC 		— Cell phone
2.3	Spontaneous dangerous events; this include onsite fire, bomb threat, explosions, intruder threat, workplace violence, hazardous materials, suspicious packages etc.; offsite terrorist attack, hazardous materials within vicinity etc.	 Immediately initiate appropriate response action (see Response Actions) See specific procedures 	 Foreman, RNP, RDF, Local Authority, 	— Emergency contacts
2.4	Advanced warning including severe and potentially hazardous weather conditions (e.g. storms, fire), Infectious disease outbreak	 Discuss response plan with the construction engineer, environmental officer and Foreman or refer to previously assigned response plan; Ensure that all project Employees/workers are informed about the response, anticipated timeline for return to work, offsite meeting space, etc. Contact Employees through emergency contact information provided by each Employee 	MINEDUC,ESSO,DEO,DDMOSCFO,Foreman	 Accurate
2.5	Non-life threatening	 Discuss response plan with the construction engineer, environmental officer and 	SCFO,DSCE,	Employee emergency contact,

situation failure, t failures)	Elisare that all project Ellipsoyees	through — DDMO and — Foreman	Emergency preparedness plan
	III. Prod	cedures	
3.1 Evacuati	When the Foreman as Emergency Co (EC) alerts Employees and visitors to the project site; everyone: — Stop working immediately and list EC's instructions; — Leave workstation immediately – do behind to finish work; — If possible secure confidential info valuables and appropriate things be hesitate; — Congregate at the assembly are determined); — If you are not in your regular work not attempt to return to it; — Emergency Coordinator or Forer make sure head count (including value) done at that time at site; — Assist visitors and others who assistance (physical, language, etc.);	evacuate en to the en to the o not stay ormation, ut do not a (to be a area, do man will isitors) is - Local Authority, - SCFO, - DEO, - DDMO and - ESSOs	

		 After evacuation the Emergency Coordinator or foreman will Vocally alert Employees of the emergency response (i.e. evacuation procedures); Delegate searchers to site to take head counts and ensure all have vacated the site; Delegate support for visitors or individuals requiring assistance 		
		 Conduct an immediate risk assessment and send report to MINEDUC; 		
3.2	Fire	 If local fire is detected in the workplace the Foreman shall alert and evacuate Employees/workers immediately; Evacuate the building if you hear continuous whistle sounds; Remain calm, if possible secure confidential information, valuables when evacuating but do not hesitate; Congregate at the assembly area; If you are not in your work area/site, do not attempt to return to it 	Foreman,SCFO,ESSOs, andDDMO	 Whistle First aid kit, Sand and water to cease fire
3.3	Suspicious Package	 If you see a suspicious package, do not touch the package; Clear the immediate area where the package was found; Employee/workers move away from package and notify Foreman and tell them where the suspicious package was discovered, what the 	Foreman,RDF,RNP,ESSOs,Local Authority	PPEsEmergency contactCell phone,

3.4	Persons with disability	suspicious package looks like, employee/worker's name and telephone number; — If ordered to evacuate follow evacuation instructions — Individuals who are unable to reasonably exit the site on their own during an emergency are asked to fill out a form notifying Foreman, Environmental and Social Safeguard Officer, and construction officer;	Foreman,ESSOs,SCFOsDDMO and	Employee emergency information form
		IV. Storm		
4.1	Before a storm	 Seek information on the risk of storms in the area where you are staying and on the established protective and rescue measures; 	Foreman,ESSOs,DEO,DDMO andSCFOs	National Risk Atlas of Rwanda
4.2	When the storm is imminent	 Move inside all furniture and other objects likely to be swept away by the wind or water; Keep calm and avoid panic; Assemble everyone in the emergency shelter specially equipped for this situation; Follow the instructions given by the authorities and by the intervening bodies, especially as regards the evacuation of people. If it is necessary to evacuate, cut off water and electricity supplies; If caught by the storm whilst outside or in a vehicle, leave the vehicle and seek refuge in 	 Foreman, ESSOs, DEO, DDMO, SCFOs, and Local Authority 	— PPEs,— Cell phone

			the nearest building;				
		_	During a thunderstorm protect yourself from				
			lightning by keeping away from metal				
			objects, switching off the electricity supply,				
			and telephone;				
		_	Avoid standing up in an elevated area or				
			sheltering under a tree.				
4.3	After a storm		Keep calm and do not panic;		- Foreman,	_	Emergency contact
	1 11001 W 5001111		Stay inside the building in which you have		- ESSOs,		numbers,
			sheltered. Do not use vehicles because of		· DEO,	_	Cell phone,
			traffic problems and danger from damaged		DDMO,		PPEs
			buildings and roads;	_	SCFOs, and		1120
		_	Follow the radio, television, website, and	_	Local Authority		
			authorities' instructions;		Local Hamonity		
		_	Only use the telephone in an emergency;				
			Check to see if there are people nearby				
			which are wounded or in difficulty and assist				
			them;				
		_	Do not go near, touch or use damaged				
			electrical installations, cables and wires and				
			alert the relevant authorities of the damage.				
			The same applies to ruptured water or				
			sewers;				
	During a	_	Do not be or stand next to - tallest object in	_	- Foreman,	_	Sign posts with
	Thunderstorm		the area;	_	- ESSOs,		printed instructions
		_	Do not stand near wire fences or other metal	_	· DEO,		•
			objects that could conduct electricity;	_	- DDMO	_	PPEs
		_	Do not stand in or near water;	_	- SCFOs and		
			Do not seek shelter in open areas;	_	- Local Authority		
			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	•		

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		Avoid touching any metal;								
		 Avoid using the telephone or any electrical 								
		appliances;								
	V. Warning systems									
5.1		The foreman will blow a whistle to alert the	— Foreman,	- Whistle						
		construction site workers in case of								
		emergency that requires attention,								
		evacuation, etc.								
		VI. Response Equipment/ m								
6.1	Lack of facility to cease fire	 Avail enough sands and water to be used in case of fire accidents; 	— Foreman	Sand and Water						
		 Proper collaboration with Police department of fire brigade in case of emergency response that is beyond site capacity to cease fire 								
	Lack of First-Aid facilities	 First aid kits to be kept onsite all the time and checked on regular basis. The kits shall be equipped with all recommended content (cotton, ointment, scissors, bandage, alcohol, antibiotics, disposable gloves, disposable mask, painkiller, Band-Aid/sticking plaster) 	Foreman,SCFO,Foreman,ESSO	Fully equipped FirstAid KitTwo selected people						
		The school construction field officer, environmental and social safeguard officer and foreman will assign two people among employees/workers for each site to take the responsibility to use the first aid kit. The team will ensure the kit users are equipped with basic knowledge to use the kit through	– ESSO – SCFO,	from employees						

	collaboration with a nearby health center.								
	VII. Employees training								
Unprofessional behavior at work place and lack of basic ergonomics	Employee/Workers, and visitors will be oriented to the Emergency Response Plan and notified of any updates;	ESSO,SCFODDMO andForeman	Awareness message on banners and wall charts posted onsite;						
	 Employee will undertake regular drills in order to be prepared in the event of a real emergency; 	- ESSO, - SCFO	 Regular toolbox meeting and training; 						
	Employees meetings will regularly address potential emergency concerns and responses	— Foreman	 Logbooks and pens 						
	VIII. Essential project Doo	cuments							
Damage of essential project documents	 Hard Files All essential project documents will be stored and kept in safe place. These documents would be considered essential to the project operations and would cause considerable inconvenience if lost or damaged. These include: drawing designs, safeguard documents, construction manuals, code of conduct, contracts of workers, log books/registers, card stock, etc. 	— Foreman	Metallic or wooden boxCupboard or closet						
	IX. Emergency Contact	List							
Lack of emergency	All Employees will be asked to complete a	— Foreman	Register, logbooks						

contact	list	confidential emergency contact information	
Comac	11151		
		form. The form will be kept secure and	
		confidential by the site Foreman and used	
		only in the event of an emergency.	Wall charts
		- The emergency telephone number of police	
		and ambulance, will be displayed and clearly	
		seen by everyone on sign post at work	
		area/site	

Annex 6. Incident Report (IR)

INCIDENT IDENTIFICA	IIION	(rei. number): Env/SC	<u>и:</u>		
Location		District:		Date of Accident	/2020
	Sect	tor:	•••••		
Area where it happened/Site	••••	•••••		SERIAL No.	•••••
INCIDENT DETAILS					
NAME OF PERSON REPORTING TH	HE INCL	DENT			
TIME THE INCIDENT WAS REPORT	TED				
TYPE OF INCIDENT (INJURY; LT. OR (ENVIRONMENTAL; COMMUN.					
IMMEDIATE SUPERVISORS NAME					
INVESTIGATOR:			POSITION	V:	
Description of the Incident	t: (Atta	ich diagrams, sketches o	r photo	graphs as red	quired)
What was the person doing			•		
The was the person come		··········			
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	••••	
			• • • • • • • • •	• • • • •	
What happened unexpected	ly?				
				••••	
Where did the incident occu	ır?				
	• • • • • • •		********	••••	
W/h = -1 10					
Who else was involved?					
					_
Why did the incident occur?	?				
,					
	• • • • • • • •		•••••	•••••	
INJURED PERSON NAMI	E:				
INJURED PERSON: Date of Birth					
DATE OF INCIDENT:					
TIME OF INCIDENT (example: 11:5.	5 AM)				

WEATHER CONDITIONS:					
OCCUPATION:(supervisor etc)					
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • •		
EMPLOYER NAME				UNSKILLED	OTHER
EXPERIENCE IN CURRENT OCC	UPATION				
Injured Person Signature					
Employee Signature (if di					
Witness Signature					

Annex 7: Employee's Emergency contact information form

Employee information

Comment			
☐ Same address/phone as employee			
Home address: Cell:	Sector:		District:
Relationship to employee			
Primary contact name			
Emergency contact name			
☐ Same address/phone as employee			
Home address: Cell:	Sector:		District:
Relationship to employee		Telephone:	
Primary contact name			
Emergency contact name	.с. <u>—</u> Опісі (эрс		
Insurance information: Mutuelle de san			
Any disability or chronic disease (specify			
Home address: Cell:			
Identification number:			
First name: Title (mason, aid, store keeper, etc.):			
First name:		last name:	